Environmental Product Declaration





In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for:

Structural Tubes:

Cold Formed Welded
Structural Hollow Section



G.P. MANUFACTURAS DEL ACERO





Programme operator:

EPD registration number:

Publication date:

Valid until:

The International EPD® System, www.environdec.com

EPD International AB

S-P-02431

2020-12-14

2025-12-13

An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com













General information

Programme information

Programme:	The International EPD® System						
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CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)
Product category rules (PCR): Construction Products, PCR 2019:14, 2019-12-20 (version 1.0).
PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. See www.environdec.com/TC for a list of members. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile. The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact
Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006:
□ EPD process certification ⊠ EPD verification
Third party verifier: Marcel Gómez Ferrer, Marcel Gómez Consultoria Ambiental Email: info@marcelgomez.com
MARCEL GÓMEZ consultor (a ambiental
In case of recognised individual verifiers: Approved by: The International EPD® System
Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:
⊠ Yes □ No

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.







Company information

Owner of the EPD: G.P. Manufacturas del Acero S.A. Contact: Rafael Bueno Maldonado - gptecnica@gpacero.es

<u>Description of the organisation:</u> G.P. Manufacturas del Acero is a company dedicated to the manufacture, production, and sale of reinforced steel for concrete (rebars, welded mesh, lattice girders...), steel tubes and steel sheets. The company has three factories distributed throughout Spain: Dos Hermanas (Sevilla), Alicante and Pinto (Madrid).

<u>Name and location of production site:</u> the declared section steel products are produced by G.P. Manufacturas del Acero in the main production plant located in:

 DOS HERMANAS (SEVILLA) Vereda del rayo, s/n

41700. Dos Hermanas, Sevilla, Spain.

In Addition, the company has two other plants located in:

- ALICANTE
 St. Alisos, 35 (Parcela 60).
 Industrial Park Plá Vallonga. 03006.
 Alicante, Spain.
- PINTO (MADRID)
 St. Publicistas, 7
 Industrial Park Ampliación Mateu Cromo 28320. Pinto, Madrid, Spain.



Product information

Product name: Cold Formed Welded Structural Hollow Section

Product identification: tubes have the CE marking, according to Euronorm EN 10219.

<u>Product description:</u> structural tubes are produced in a main format:

 Structural tubes: GP Manufacturas del Acero produce hollow structural tubes with cold formed steel (quality S275JOH), according to the European standard EN 10219.

Characteristic	Value
Length (Spanish Code on Structural Concrete)	4 to 12 meters
Thickness (Spanish Code on Structural Concrete)	6 to 15 mm
Round (Spanish Code on Structural Concrete)	12 to 127 mm
Square (Spanish Code on Structural Concrete)	12x12 / 100x100
Rectangular (Spanish Code on Structural Concrete)	20x10 / 120x80
Packages	900-1500 Kg





UN CPC code: 412 Products of iron or steel

LCA information

<u>Declared unit:</u> 1 ton of Cold Formed Welded Structural Hollow Section for being used in construction for a minimum period of 50 years.

Reference service life: 50 years

Time representativeness: primary data from manufacturing site refer to year 2018.

<u>Database(s)</u> and <u>LCA</u> software used: Ecoinvent v3.5 (allocation, cut-off by classification) database and SimaPro 9.1 software have been used for the LCA calculations. LCA methods used are EN 15804:A2 compliant.

<u>Description of system boundaries:</u> Cradle to gate with options: the EPD covers modules A1-A3, A4-A5, B1-B7, C1–C4 and Module D. The modularity and the polluter payer principles have been followed. The next processes have been excluded:

- Flows related to human activities such as employee transport
- The construction of plants, production of machines and transportation systems, as well as maintenance activities.

A1. Raw Material Supply

- Extraction and processing of raw materials
- Generation of electricity and heat from primary energy resources
- Processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues including any packaging not leaving the factory gate with the product.

A2. Transportation

External transportation to the core processes and internal transport.

A3. Manufacturing

- Manufacturing of the construction product and co-products.
- Production of ancillary materials or pre-products.
- Treatment of waste generated from the manufacturing processes. Processing up to the end-ofwaste state or disposal of final residues including any packaging not leaving the factory gate with the product.

A4. Transport

• Transportation from the production gate to the construction site

SCENARIO INFORMATION	VALUE/DESCRIPTION						
Vehicle type used for transport	Long distance truck						
Vehicle load capacity	24 tones						
Fuel type and consumption	51,62 liters of diesel per 100 km						
Distance to construction site	202 km						
Capacity utilisation (including empty returns)	49.9% as assumed in Ecoinvent						
Bulk density of transported products	Mass of the transported product						
Volume capacity utilisation factor	<1						





A5. Construction Installation:

• Installation of the product into the building including manufacture and transportation of ancillary materials and water required for installation.

SCENARIO INFORMATION	VALUE/DESCRIPTION
Ancillary materials for installation	For each ton of product installed, it is necessary:
	3,67E-07 ton of drilling emulsion
	8,40E-08 ton of anticortit
Water use	4,37E-05 ton per ton of product
Other resource use	Not required
Quantitative description of the energy	-
type and consumption during the	
preparation and installation process	
Direct emissions to ambient air, soil and	No generation
water	
Waste materials on the building site,	No generation
generated by the product's installation	
Output materials as result of waste	No generation
processing at the construction site	

C1. Deconstruction/demolition

 The de-construction and/or dismantling of the product take part of the demolition of the entire building. In our case, the environmental impact is assumed to be very small and can be neglected

C2. Transport

- Transportation of the discarded product accounts for part of the waste processing, e.g. to a recycling site and transportation of waste.
- C3. Waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling
 - The impact is considered negligible.

C4. Disposal

Waste disposal including physical pre-treatment and management of the disposal site.
 Emissions from waste disposal are considered part of the product system under study and therefore part of this module, according to the "polluter pays principle".

SCENARIO INFORMATION	VALUE/DESCRIPTION
Collection process specified by type	1 ton of collected product mixed with
	construction waste
Recovery system specified by type	95% Steel Recycling
Disposal specified by type	0.95 tonnes of steel for recycling
	0.5 tonnes of steel to be landfilled
Assumptions for scenario development	Lorry of the size class 16-32 metric tons gross
(e.g. transport)	and Euro VI emissions class
	Average load: 5.79 tones
	Diesel Fuel consumption: 25.5 l/100 Km
	Distance: 50 km

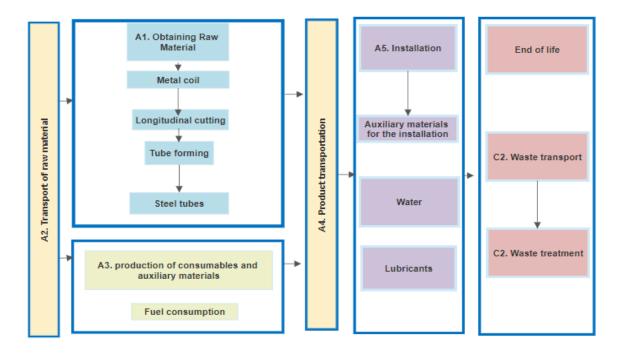




D. Reuse-recovery-recycling potential

It is considered that 95% of the product is collected and recycled. As a result of the recycling process the production of steel is avoided.

System diagram:



More information:

The underlying LCA study has been carried out by Juan Felipe Bermeo Losada

The study covers at least 95% of the materials and energy per module and at least 99% of the total use of materials and energy of each unit process.

More information about the product is available at www.gpacero.es







Modules declared, geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG indicator) and data variation:

	Prod stag		р	struc roces stage	ss	Use stage End of life stage							stage	Э	Resource recovery stage		
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	esn	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling- potential
Module	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Modules declared	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Geography	ES	ES	ES	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU
Specific data	>	-90% G	WP-G	SHG		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – products	Variatio decla	n of the ared< 1 produ	0% - f	for ead		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – sites	Manu	facture	d in si	tes<1	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Content information

Product components	Weight, kg	Post-consumer material, weight-%	Renewable material, weight-%
Steel	1.000	100%	0
Packaging materials	Weight, kg	Weight-% (versu	s the product)
No packaging used	0	0	

During the life cycle of the product no hazardous substance listed in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) for authorization" has been used in a percentage higher than 0.1% of the weight of the product.



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Environmental Information

Potential environmental impact - mandatory indicators according to EN 15804

			•	R	esults	per d	eclared	unit						
Indicator	Unit	A 1	A2	А3	A 4	A5	A1-A5	B1 - B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	Total	D
GWP-fossil	kg CO ₂ eq.	3,89E +03	5,10E -02	5,10E- 01	3,29E +01	2,03E -03	3,93E+ 03	0	0	8,14E +00	0	2,16E -01	3,94E+ 03	9,49E +02
GWP-biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq.	8,05E +00	2,66E -05	1,73E- 05	1,04E -02	5,18E -06	8,06E+ 00	0	0	2,57E -03	0	1,84E -04	8,06E+ 00	- 1,07E -01
GWP- luluc	kg CO ₂ eq.	2,92E +00	2,36E -05	9,00E- 06	9,77E -03	1,48E -06	2,93E+ 00	0	0	2,42E -03	0	3,49E -05	2,93E+ 00	- 8,86E -02
GWP- total	kg CO ₂ eq.	3,90E +03	5,11E -02	5,10E- 01	3,29E +01	2,03E -03	3,94E+ 03	0	0	8,14E +00	0	2,16E -01	3,95E+ 03	9,50E +02
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	2,26E -04	1,05E -08	9,27E- 09	7,56E -06	1,27E -09	2,33E- 04	0	0	1,87E -06	0	1,07E -07	2,35E- 04	3,95E -05
AP	mol H ⁺ eq.	2,74E +01	9,66E -04	5,25E- 03	9,47E -02	1,56E -05	2,75E+ 01	0	0	2,34E -02	0	2,12E -03	2,75E+ 01	- 4,39E +00
EP-freshwater	kg PO ₄ ³⁻ eq.	2,33E -01	8,32E -07	4,59E- 07	4,96E -04	1,37E -07	2,34E- 01	0	0	1,23E -04	0	2,80E -06	2,34E- 01	- 4,34E -02
EP- marine	kg N eq.	4,36E +00	1,89E -04	2,61E- 03	1,76E -02	1,88E -06	4,38E+ 00	0	0	4,37E -03	0	7,71E -04	4,39E+ 00	7,25E -01
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	5,31E +01	2,13E -03	2,87E- 02	2,02E -01	2,44E -05	5,33E+ 01	0	0	4,99E -02	0	8,60E -03	5,34E+ 01	- 8,48E +00
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	1,41E +01	5,71E -04	7,69E- 03	7,66E -02	4,16E -05	1,42E+ 01	0	0	1,90E -02	0	2,44E -03	1,42E+ 01	5,01E +00
ADP- minerals&metals*	kg Sb eq.	1,23E -01	5,23E -08	7,54E- 08	9,96E -05	1,76E -08	1,23E- 01	0	0	2,47E -05	0	2,30E -07	1,23E- 01	- 9,74E -05
ADP-fossil*	MJ	4,59E +04	7,44E -01	6,51E- 01	5,03E +02	1,02E -01	4,65E+ 04	0	0	1,24E +02	0	7,13E +00	4,66E+ 04	9,35E +03
WDP	m³	6,86E +02	4,40E -03	3,73E- 03	2,56E +00	1,62E -03	6,88E+ 02	0	0	6,34E -01	0	2,76E -02	6,89E+ 02	- 6,55E +01
Acronyms	Global W = Acid reaching	arming dificatior g freshw	Potentia n potentia ater end	I land use al, Accum compartr	and land ulated E ment; EP	d use ch xceedar -marine	ange; OD nce; EP-fre = Eutroph	ogenic = 0 P = Depleteshwater = hication po-	tion pote Eutrop tential,	ential of the hication of the	the strat potentia of nutrie	ospheric al, fractio nts reach	ozone lag n of nutrie ning marin	yer; AP ents ne end

Acronyms

compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

^{*} Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.







Potential environmental impact – additional mandatory and voluntary indicators

	Results per declared unit														
Indicator	Unit	A 1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A1-A5	B1 - B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	Total	D	
GWP-GHG	kg CO ₂ eq.	3,82E +03	5,06E -02	5,06E -01	3,26E +01	1,99E -03	3,86E+ 03	0	0	8,07E +00	0	2,12E -01	3,87E+ 03	- 8,97E+ 02	

Disclaimers shall be added, if required by EN 15804.

Use of resources

					Re	sults p	er decl	ared unit						
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	A1-A5	B1 -B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	Total	D
PERE	MJ	1,29E+ 04	1,43E -02	7,64E -03	5,35E +00	2,07E -03	1,29E+ 04	0	0	1,32E +00	0	9,34E -02	1,29E+ 04	7,48E+ 01
PERM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
PERT	MJ	1,29E+ 04	1,43E -02	7,64E -03	5,35E +00	2,07E -03	1,29E+ 04	0	0	1,32E +00	0	9,34E -02	1,29E+ 04	- 7,48E+ 01
PENRE	MJ	4,59E+ 04	7,44E -01	6,51E -01	5,03E +02	1,02E -01	4,64E+ 04	0	0	1,24E +02	0	7,13E +00	4,65E+ 04	9,35E+ 03
PENRM	MJ.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
PENRT	MJ	4,59E+ 04	7,44E -01	6,51E -01	5,03E +02	1,02E -01	4,64E+ 04	0	0	1,24E +02	0	7,13E +00	4,65E+ 04	9,35E+ 03
SM	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
FW	m ³	1,18E+ 05	7,38E -02	3,52E -02	2,37E +01	7,37E -03	1,18E+ 05	0	0	5,88E +00	0	4,15E -01	1,18E+ 05	- 4,24E+ 02

Acronyms

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy re-sources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water







Waste production and output flows

Waste production

					Res	ults pe	declar	ed unit						
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A1-A5	B1 -B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	Total	D
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	4,88E- 02	4,49E -07	3,02E -07	3,20E- 04	4,48E- 08	4,91E- 02	0	0	7,93E -05	0	2,44E -06	4,92E -02	-1,01E- 01
Non- hazardous waste disposed	kg	5,41E+ 03	1,15E -02	1,21E +00	2,40E+ 01	1,51E- 04	5,44E+ 03	0	0	5,95E +00	0	5,00E +01	5,50E +03	-3,84E- 04
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	1,31E- 01	4,91E -06	4,17E -06	3,40E- 03	5,94E- 07	1,35E- 01	0	0	8,41E -04	0	4,88E -05	1,36E -01	-8,94E- 03

Output flows

Results per declared unit														
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	A1-A5	B1 -B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	Total	D
Components for re-use	kg	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00 E+00	0.00E +00	0.00E+ 00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0	0.00E+00
Material for recycling	kg	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	7,20E -02	0.00E +00	0.00 E+00	7,20E -02	0.00E+ 00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	9,50E +02	0.00E +00	9,50E+ 02	0.00E+00
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00 E+00	0.00E +00	0.00E+ 00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0	0.00E+00
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00 E+00	0.00E +00	0.00E+ 00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0	0.00E+00
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00 E+00	0.00E +00	0.00E+ 00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0.00E +00	0	0.00E+00

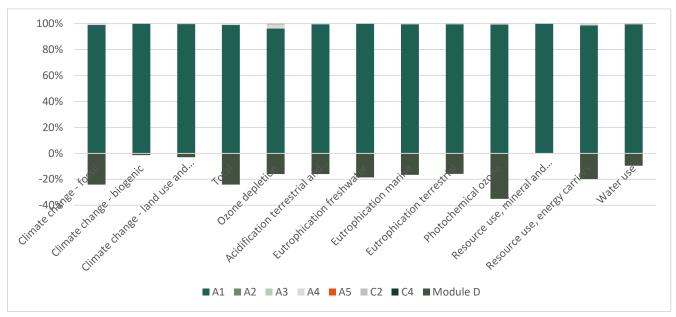
Information on biogenic carbon content

Results per declared unit									
BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT	Unit	QUANTITY							
Biogenic carbon content in product	kg C	0							
Biogenic carbon content in packaging	kg C	0							

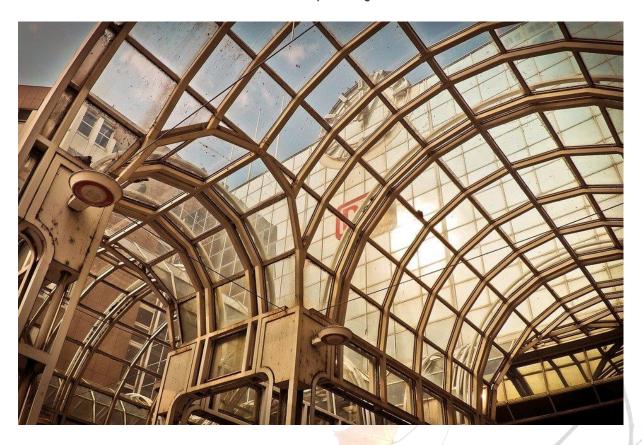
Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO₂.

In general terms, as it is shown in the table of potential environmental impact, and figure results impact categories, A1 module has the biggest impact, representing at least 99,16% of the whole impact. A4 module has a little impact, representing at most 0,66% of the life cycle impact. C2 and C4 module has little impact too, representing at most 0,16% and 0,01% respectively of the whole impact. Finally, Module D represents savings between 0,1% and 24,1% of the total impact. The life cycle has an impact of 3,95E+03kg of CO2 equivalent.





Results on impact categories







Additional information

Protection and Conservation of soils and vegetation.

The following measures are proposed: delimitation of working area, definition of exclusion areas as well as restriction to the location of landfills and support facilities, reuse of topsoil, vegetation protection, priority habitat protection and protection of public utility.

Protection of the hydrologic system and water quality.

The following measures or actions are taken: rectification and channeling banks are avoided, by not allowing the concentration of several ones in a single work of drainage and the remaining of isolated pools with fish are also avoided because of the mortality risk for them, hence applying, in this case, systems for the recovery of affected individuals.

In addition, during construction, there are barriers for sediment retention, settling ponds, infiltration trenches or other similar devices to avoid the removal of soil to the rivers, ensuring that the placement of these systems does not alter the environmental values to be protected, and their subsequent removal after their function.

Protection of wildlife

In order to protect the fauna around the new infrastructure and minimize the barrier effect, the following steps are taken: measures for correction of barrier effect for amphibians and reptiles, measures to protect fish fauna as well as birds, measures for correction the barrier effect for micro and mesomammals, and establishment of wildlife crossings for vertebrates, being perfectly located, sized and integrated into the environment.

Atmospheric protection.

To avoid the inconvenience of dust generated during construction of the road, regular irrigation is made to all access roads to work as well as auxiliary facilities areas and machinery parks. The frequency of watering is adapted to the characteristics of the soil and the weather, to keep the roads used permanently wet. The materials capable of emitting dust into the atmosphere are transported covered.

Defense against erosion, environmental restoration, and landscaping of the work.

Measures against erosion, environmental restoration and landscaping of the work are applied, consisting of the restoration of all items directly associated with the work, as abutments, mouths of the tunnels, etc. Additionally, measures for restoring other associated items indirectly are proposed, as loan and landfill areas, work roads and auxiliary facilities.





Information related to Sector EPD

This is not a sector EPD.

Differences versus previous versions

This is the first version of the EPD®.

References

- General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System. Version 3.01.
- PCR 2019:14. Construction Products. 2019-12-20 (version 1.0).
- CEN (2019): EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, Sustainability of construction works Environmental product declarations Core rules for product category of construction products.
- ISO 14040:2006: Environmental Management-Life Cycle Assessment-Principles and framework.
- ISO 14044:2006: Environmental Management-Life Cycle Assessment-Requirements and guidelines.
- ISO 14025:2006: Environmental labels and declarations-Type III Environmental Declarations-Principles and procedures.
- ISO 14020:2000: Environmental labels and declarations General principles.
- LCA G.P. MANUFACTURAS DEL ACERO







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