

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO14025 and EN15804+A2:2019 for

Laminated PVC Profiles for Windows and Doors

Manufactured by Fırat Plastik





An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www environdec.com.

PROGRAMME INFORMATION

The International EPD® System

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ISO standard ISO 21930 and CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core Product Category Rules (PCR)

Product Category Rules (PCR):

2019:14 Version 1.11, 2021-02-05, Construction Products and Construction Services, EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019 Sustainability of Construction Works

PCR review was conducted by:

The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile

Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006:

EPD process certification

EPD verification \checkmark

Third party verifier: Prof. Ing. Vladimír Kočí, Ph.D., MBA LCA Studio Šárecká 5,16000 Prague 6 - Czech Republic

Approved by: The International EPD® System Technical Committee, supported by the Secretariat

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

Yes

No 🧹

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804.

ABOUT FIRAT PLASTİK

Firat Plastik Kauçuk Sanayi ve Ticaret AŞ, was established in 1972 to carry out production in the field of plastic building materials. Firat, which always sets out with the principles of quality production and product diversity, has succeeded in becoming both the leading establishment of the sector and the export leader of the sector as a result of significant investments that have taken years.

In its production, Firat targets various sectors such as construction, agriculture, automotive, medical, domestic appliances sectors with its plastic-based products. It realizes its production targeting those sectors in its modern factories in Büyükçekmece-İstanbul and Sincan-Ankara which have a total area that reaches 750,000 m² with its expert staff and is one of three biggest plastic production complexes in Europe. Firat, which adopted sustainability and producing more ecologic and innovative products in order to leave more livable environment to future generations, is the leader and pioneering company in pvc window sector.











Quality and Control

Firat is capable of conducting raw material analysis; tests such as welding, heavy rain and wind resistance, blow and milled blow resistance, compression, shear and break-off strength, ring rigidity (strength of FKS and Triplex pipes against soil load).

Firat products are offered to the market with "Firat Quality Assurance Confirmation". Firat is the only company of the sector which holds international quality certificates such as GOST, SKZ, BDS, EMI, DVGW, and TSE as well as all of the system certificates which are ISO 14001, ISO 45001 and ISO 9001. As an environmentally friendly manufacturer, Firat holds ISO 14000 En vironment Management System Certificate. The quality control process carried out in Firat laboratories consists of three phases as input, process and output-final quality control. Products passed all these three tests and met the required quality conditions are offered for the customer use.

Input Quality Control

Quality Control tests complying with the quality-production standards are applied to raw materials and auxiliary materials coming from the suppliers. After samples taken in the scope of "Sampling for Approval" standards, the tests of Physical Compliance, Chemical Compliance, Density, MFI, Humidity, Bulk Density, Viscosity Number, Distribution of Grain Thickness, K Number and Homogeneity are performed in the Quality Control laboratories. It is compulsory that raw materials pass these tests and obtain "Suitable for Production" approval.

Process Quality Control

In the production process carried out with raw materials and auxiliary materials bearing "Suitable for Production" approval, samples are taken from the production lines during or soon after production, and the Process Quality Control tests that are determined by national (TSE) and international (SKZ, EN, DIN etc.) standard institutions are performed and recorded regularly.

Main Process Quality Control tests are as follows:

- Test for Impact Resistance at Cold
- Test for Dent Impact Resistance
- Elongation Test
- Density Test
- Vicat Test
- Wind Load Resistance Test
- Leak Test
- Air Permeability Test
- Corner Welding Test

At the stage of Process Quality Control, product measurements are controlled simultaneously with the production process and recorded. It is compulsory that the products pass through all the tests conducted in compliance with the control frequency and numbers set by the st andards and obtain "Quality Approval".

Output - Final Quality Control

The end products are then checked for Packaging Compliance, Pack Compliance, Description and Label Compliance through automatic packaging and wrapping processes and get "Suitable for Shipping" approval. Also, apart from the quality control tests conducted in FIRAT laboratories, all products are regularly sampled from the production lines twice a year, and subjected to quality control tests by the representatives of international test and certification institutions such as TSE, SKZ, IFT etc.

FUDEL Laboratory

In order to fill the gap in the sector regarding determination of performance characteristics of window-door systems built with these profiles and providing the results in an independent, unbiased and reliable way, FIRAT PLASTİK KAUÇUK SAN. ve TİC. A.Ş. established Türkiye's "first and only" TÜRKAK accredited "Window Laboratory," Firat Conformity Evaluation Laboratory (FUDEL) in Büyükçekmece/İstanbul, with 100% Turkish capital and offered it for servicing the sector. FUDEL, service scope consists of following tests;

Resistance to wind load TS 4644 EN 12211 Air permeability TS EN 1026 Water insulation TS EN 1027 Load bearing capacity of safety systems TS EN 14609 Calculation of heat transmission TS EN ISO 10077-1	TESTS	STANDARTS		
Nater insulation TS EN 1027 Load bearing capacity of safety systems TS EN 14609	esistance to wind load	TS 4644 EN 12211		
oad bearing capacity of safety systems TS EN 14609	ir permeability	TS EN 1026		
	Vater insulation	TS EN 1027	W. Jack	
alculation of heat transmission TS EN ISO 10077-1	oad bearing capacity of safety systems	TS EN 14609		
	alculation of heat transmission	TS EN ISO 10077-1	A Sate	

FUDEL provides services to associations and institutions carrying out market inspection and supervision and the window and accessory manufacturers operating in the sector. The aim of FUDEL is to provide service to the entire sector in the fields of 'importance of window, engineering calculations of window, personnel training on window'. FUDEL is also planning to organize training days for public institutions, construction companies and private associations and institutions to describe the importance of window in Turkey, to prevent erroneous applications and to offer higher quality products to the final customers.

ABOUT THE PRODUCT

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

The following Laminated PVC windows and doors profiles are covered under this Environmental Product Declaration. PVC windows and door profiles includes the following series: Diamond60, Opal70, Garnet70, Garnet70 Selective, Garnet70 Strong, Garnet70 Strong Selective, Selenit75, Selenit75 Selective, Selenit75 Strong, Selenit75 Strong Selective, Elegane80, Elegance80 Selective, Redonit85, Zenia Slide and Andes Slide. These series are placed on the market under three different brands owned by Firat, namely Firatpen, Gedizpen and Winhouse.

The raw material compositions of Laminated PVC Windows and Doors Profiles are shown below. Laminated PVC Profiles along with the auxiliary profiles are mainly made of Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) known as the most valuable raw material within the chemical industry. These products may also contain other raw materials such as acrylic impact modifiers, stabilizers and calcium carbonate. For lamination, primer, adhesive and lamine are also used. The compositions of these products are shown below.

Main Body	of Profile	Lamination Process					
Composition	Amount, %	Composition	Amount, %				
PVC	68-70						
Calcium Carbonate	10-12	Rending Agent	0.5 - 1				
Stabilizer	2 - 4						
Masterbatch	1 - 2	Rending Agent	0.1 - 1				
Minor additives	5 -7	Lamina Foil	2 - 3				

Raw materials used in the production of Laminated PVC Profiles for Windows and Doors. Addition to the above materials, there is 10 % use of recycled PVC in the final product.



ABOUT THE PRODUCT

echnical Diamond		0 Opal70	Garnet70	Garnet70 Selective	Garnet70 Stron	g Garnet70 St Selectiv	V Sel	enit75 Sele	Selenit75 Selectiv	
Profile Width (mm)	60	70	70	70	70	70		75	75	
Number of Chambers (ad)	4	5	5	5	5	5		6	6	
Wind Load Resistance (km/h)	200	245	245	245	245	245		110	110	
Max. Sound Insulation (db)	38	38 40 40		40	40	40		43	43	
Technical Specifications		Selenit75 Str	ong Selen	it75 Strong Selective	Elegane80	Elegance80 Selective	Redonit85	Zenia Slide	e Andes Slide	
Profile Width (mm)		75		75	80	80	85	125	38	
Number of Chambers	s (ad)	6		6	6	6	7	-	3	
Wind Load Resistanc	e (km/h)	245		245	245	245	245	*	*	
Max. Sound Insulatio	on (db)	43		43	40	40	44	40	40	

*the maximum wind load values to which the buildings can be exposed were taken into the consideration.

A1: Raw Material Supply

Production starts with raw materials, mainly locally sourced but some transported overseas. 'Raw material supply' also includes pre-treatment processes before the production, such as masterbatch preparation.

A2: Transportation

Transport is relevant for delivery of raw materials and other materials to the plant and the transport of materials within the plant. The transport distances and routes are calculated based on the given information from the manufacturer for 2021.

A3: Manufacturing

Production stages start with extrusion of PVC and continue with cooling, dragging and cutting for Laminated PVC Profiles and the process goes on as coating, cleaning, sleeking, drying and adhesion for Laminated PVC Profiles. Only electric energy is consumed during the manufacturing of PVC Profiles, no natural gas is consumed for the production.

A4: Transport

Transport of final product to customers are considered and the routes and distances are calculated accordingly. Transport routes were provided by the manufacturer for 2021.

C1: Demolition

Based on the information given by the manufacturer, no energy is used for the demolition of the considered product after its reaches end-of-life.

C2: Transport

Based on the information given by the manufacturer, 25 km distance is considered for the transport of final materials.

C3: Waste Processing

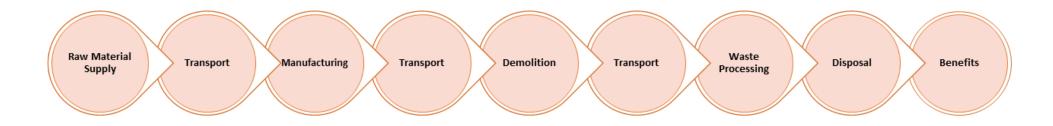
It is assumed that the generated waste can be disposed of or recycled directly. Thus, no process is needed.

C4: Disposal

Considering the recycling rates in Türkiye and common practices, 10% of the PVC used in the product is assumed to be recycled and the rest of the PVC and other raw materials are assumed to be landfilled.

D: Future reuse. recycling or energy recovery potentials

The benefits of 10 % recycled PVC in module C4 are considered and modelled in the LCA study.



LCA INFORMATION

Declared Unit	1 kg of Laminated PVC Profiles for Windows and Doors
Time Representativeness	2021
Database(s) and LCA Software	Ecoinvent 3.8 and SimaPro 9.3
System Boundaries	Cradle to gate with options, modules C1–C4, module D and with optional modules (A1–A3 + C + D and A4 modules).

	Product Stage Stage Stage			Use Stage					End of Life Stage				Benefits and Loads				
	Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational Energy Use	Operational Water Use	Deconstruction / demolition	Transport		Disposal	Future reuse. recycling or energy recovery potentials
Module	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Modules Declared	х	х	х	х	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	х	х	х	х	Х
Geography	GLO	GLO	TR	GLO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Specific Data Used	>90%	>90%	>90%	>90%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation- products			<10%			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation- Sites			NR			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The inventory for the LCA study is based on the 2021 production figures. This EPD's system boundary is cradle to gate with options, modules C1-C4, and module D. (A1–A3 + C + D and A4 modules).

Allocations

Water consumption, energy consumption and raw material transportation were weighted according to 2021 production figures. In addition, hazardous and nonhazardous waste amounts were also allocated from the 2021 total waste generation.

Cut-Off Criteria

1% cut-off is applied. Data for elementary flows to and from the product system contributing to a minimum of 99% of the declared environmental impacts have been included.

REACH Regulation

No substances included in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization under the REACH regulations are present in this product either above the threshold for registration with the European Chemicals Agency or above 0.1% (wt/wt).

LCA Modelling, Calculation and Data Quality

The results of the LCA with the indicators as per EPD requirement are given in the LCA result tables. All energy calculations were obtained using Cumulative Energy Demand (LHV) methodology, while fresh water use is calculated with selected inventory flows in SimaPro according to the PCR. There are no co-product allocations within the LCA study underlying this EPD. The regional energy datasets were used for all energy calculations.

LCA RESULTS

Impact Category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP- Fossil	kg CO ₂ eq	2.34	0.181	0.494	3.02	0.135	0	0.004	0	0.052	0.200
GWP- Biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq	0.023	138E-6	0.004	0.027	258E-6	0	9.0E-6	0	83.2E-6	0.001
GWP- Luluc	kg CO ₂ eq	0.002	116E-6	0.003	0.006	61.2E-6	0	1.8E-6	0	6.80E-6	193E-6
GWP- Total	kg CO ₂ eq	2.37	0.181	0.502	3.05	0.136	0	4.3E-3	0	0.052	0.201
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq	1.11E-6	36.8E-9	11.7E-9	1.16E-6	29.0E-9	0	917E-12	0	1.98E-9	90.3E-9
AP	mol H+ eq	0.012	0.004	0.003	0.020	0.001	0	12.5E-6	0	56.6E-6	0.001
*EP- Freshwater	kg P eq	0.001	8.1E-6	491E-6	0.001	9.6E-6	0	322E-9	0	949E-9	57.0E-6
EP- Freshwater	kg (PO ₄) eq	0.002	24.9E-6	0.002	0.004	29.5E-6	0	984E-9	0	2.91E-6	174E-6
EP- Marine	kg N eq	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.004	188E-6	0	2.6E-6	0	243E-6	181E-6
EP- Terrestrial	mol N eq	0.022	0.012	0.005	0.039	0.002	0	27.8E-6	0	207E-6	0.002
РОСР	kg NMVOC	0.006	0.003	0.001	0.010	0.001	0	7.2E-6	0	61.6E-6	469E-6
ADPE	kg Sb eq	98E-6	357E-9	770E-9	99.1E-6	440E-9	0	14.8E-9	0	21.6E-9	3.0E-6
ADPF	MJ	48.7	2.42	5.70	56.8	1.97	0	0.063	0	0.154	4.26
WDP	m³ depriv.	1.58	0.005	0.192	1.77	0.006	0	213E-6	0	0.007	0.14
PM	disease inc.	98.1E-9	7.2E-9	13.7E-9	119E-9	8.1E-9	0	268E-12	0	1.08E-9	7.63E-9
IR	kBq U-235 eq	0.153	0.011	0.006	0.170	0.009	0	288E-6	0	0.001	0.014
ETP- FW	CTUe	62.6	1.67	5.23	69.5	1.66	0	0.054	0	2.38	3.89
HTTP- C	CTUh	3.31E-9	97.4E-12	96.9E-12	3.5E-9	54.2E-12	0	1.60E-12	0	5.25E-12	132E-12
HTTP- NC	CTUh	92.5E-9	1.27E-9	4.2E-9	97.9E-9	1.5E-9	0	50.7E-12	0	462E-12	3.39E-9
SQP	Pt	7.34	0.772	0.66	8.77	1.30	0	0.045	0	0.378	0.567
Acronyms	GWP-total: Climate Acidification terrest Abiotic depletion- e Cancer human heal	rial and freshwat elements, ADPF: A	er, EP-freshwater: biotic depletion- fo	Eutrophication fre	eshwater, EP-marii DP: Water scarcity,	ne: Eutrophication PM: Respiratory in	marine, EP-terres norganics- particu	strial: Eutrophicatio	on terrestrial, POC	P: Photochemical	oxidation, ADPE:
Legend	A1: Raw Material Su energy recovery po		rt, A3: Manufactu	ıring, A4: Transpo	rt, C1: Deconstruc	tion / demolition,	C2: Transport, C3:	Waste Processing,	C4: Disposal, D: F	uture reuse. recyc	ling or
Disclaimer 1	This impact categor occupational expose by this indicator.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Disclaimer 2	The results of this e	nvironmental imp	act indicator shall	be used with care	as the uncertaint	ies on these result	s are high or as th	ere is limited exper	ienced with the ir	ndicator.	
*Disclaimer 3	EP-freshwater: This ec.europa.eu/LCDN			$D_4 eq$ and kg P eq	as required in the	e charactarization	model. (EUTREND	model, Struijs et a	II, 2009b, as imple	emented in ReCiPe	; http://eplca.jrc.

Impact Category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	1.88	0.020	1.11	3.01	0.022	0	0.001	0	0.003	0.161
PERM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
PERT	MJ	1.88	0.020	1.11	3.01	0.022	0	0.001	0	0.003	0.161
PENRE	MJ	48.7	2.42	5.70	56.81	1.97	0	0.063	0	0.154	4.26
PENRM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENRT	MJ	48.7	2.42	5.70	56.81	1.97	0	0.063	0	0.154	4.26
SM	kg	0.1	0	0	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	m ³	0.015	283E-6	0.002	0.017	323E-6	0	10.8E-6	0	172E-6	0.001
Acronyms	energy, PENRE	: Use of non-rene	wable primary ene	rgy excluding reso	urces used as raw	materials, PENRM:	Use of non-renew	gy resources used a vable primary energ iels, FW: Net use of	y resources used		
Waste & Outpu	ut Flows										
mpact Category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
HWD	kg	0	0	196E-6	196E-6	0	0	0	0	0	0
NHWD	kg	0	0	1.24E-3	1.24E-3	0	0	0	0	0	0
RWD	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EE (Electrical)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EE (Thermal)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Acronyms	HWD: Hazardo EE (Electrical):	us waste disposed Exported energy e	, NHWD: Non-haza electrical, EE (Therr	rdous waste dispos mal): Exported ener	eed, RWD: Radioact gy, Thermal.	ive waste disposed,	, CRU: Componen	ts for reuse, MFR: M	aterial for recyclin	g, MER: Materials fo	r energy recov
	t										
Climate impact	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Climate impac Indicator	••					0.404	-	0.004			
•	kg CO ₂ eq	2.30	0.180	0.492	2.97	0.134	0	0.004	0	0.045	0.195

REFERENCES

/GPI/ General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System. Version 4.0.

/EN ISO 9001/ Quality Management Systems - Requirements

/EN ISO 14001/ Environmental Management Systems - Requirements

/EN ISO 50001/ Energy Management Systems - Requirements

/ISO 14020:2000/ Environmental Labels and Declarations — General principles /EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/ Sustainability of construction works - Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

/ISO 14025/ DIN EN ISO 14025:2009-11: Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

/ISO 14040/44/ DIN EN ISO 14040:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework (ISO14040:2006) and Requirements and guidelines (ISO 14044:2006)

/PCR for Construction Products and CPC 54 Construction Services/ Prepared by IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute, Swedish Environmental Protection Agency, SP Trä, Swedish Wood Preservation Institute, Swedisol, SCDA, Svenskt Limträ AB, SSAB, The International EPD System, 2019:14 Version 1.11 DATE 2019-12-20

/The International EPD® System/ The International EPD® System is a programme for type III environmental declarations, maintaining a system to verify and register EPD®s as well as keeping a library of EPD®s and PCRs in accordance with ISO 14025. www.environdec.com

/Ecoinvent / Ecoinvent Centre, www.ecoinvent.org

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