

THE INTERNATIONAL EPD® SYSTEM

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for

Bonding Coats from Dubai Plaster





Programme: The International EPD® System www.environdec.com

The International EPD® System

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Geographical Scope: Middle East

UN CPC Code: 37410 (Plasters)



Programme Information

EPD International AB Box 210 60 SE-100 31 Stockholm Sweden Programme: www.environdec.com info@environdec.com Product Category Rules (PCR): Construction Products, 2019:14, Version 1.11 Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006: ✓ EPD verification EPD process certification Third party verifier: Professor Vladimír Kocí Approved by: The International EPD® System Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier: ✓ No Yes

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs for construction products are primarily intended for use in B2B communication, but their use in B2C communication under certain conditions is not precluded. For EPDs intended for B2C communication, refer to ISO 14025. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804.

About Company

To meet the growing demand of dry mix mortars for faster and massive construction work, Dubai Plaster (DP) has come out with a wide range of machine applied plasters/renders and other mortars for the building construction industry. Cement, lime and gypsum based dry mix mortars of Dubai Plaster are manufactured with the latest state of the art technology production process. DP products are available in bulk (silo) and bags.

DP silo and machine processing system offers the time and quality advantage, which helps to guarantee the competitive edge of its users in the long run. Dry mix mortar and plaster/render in silo are much more rational than material in bags. DP offers building site silos in various sizes. They are delivered to the site and filled with the required product. Dry mix plaster/mortar can be conveyed with the help of pneumatic pumping system to the location of application. DP offers the PFT G4 Plastering Machines for continuous mixing of dry mortar with water and spraying the wet mortar on walls/ceilings. For high rise buildings there are Relay Stations to further boost the dry mortar up to the required height. For a consistent quality of wet mix of screed and masonry mortar horizontal Screw Mixers are available. Pneumatic transport of dry mortar saves a lot of manual operations and allows a continuous work at site.

The application of plaster and other mortars becomes faster, accurate and easier when applied with machines. To ensure the correct application of dry mix products and operation of various types of machines, DP provides job site training to the masons.



Product Information

Product applied as dash bond coat over the concrete surfaces to provide key for the application of plaster over it, the product ensures a strong bonding with the concrete surfaces.

Cementitious dash bond coat as per BS EN 13914-1, 13914-2 & ASTM C 926.

Product UN CPC code is 37410 (Plasters).

Bonding Coats

DP 100

Bonding coat for normal concrete surface in lieu of hacking.

DP 120

Bonding coat for densified concrete surface.

DP 140

Bonding coat for ultra smooth concrete surface.

DP 144

Bonding coat for EPS/XPS sheets.

Bonding Coats is free from substances of very high concern (SVHC). The product contains no substances from the REACH Candidate list of 19.01.2021.



LCA Information

Declared Unit: 1 kg of Bonding Coats, cement based bonding compound for concrete substrates.

Time Representativeness: 2021

Database(s) and LCA Software Used: Ecoinvent 3.6, SimaPro 9.1

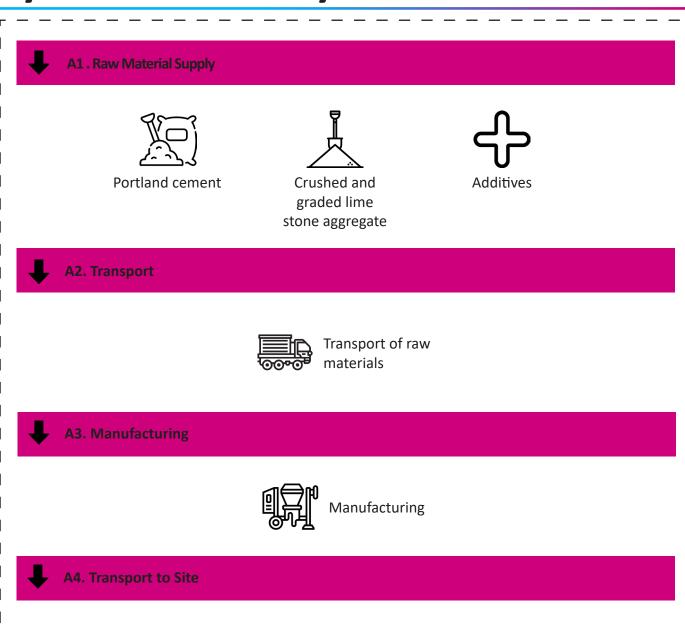
The inventory for the LCA study is based on the 2020 production figures for Dubai Plaster production plant in United Arab Emirates .

This EPD's system boundary is cradle to gate. The system boundary covers A1 - A4 product stages.

Х	A1	Raw Material Supply	Upstream
Х	A2	Transport	
Х	A3	Manufacturing	Core
х	A4	Transport	
ND	A5	Construction Installation	
ND	B1	Use	
ND	B2	Maintenance	
ND	В3	Repair	
ND	B4	Replacement	
ND	B5	Refurbishment	Downstream
ND	В6	Operational Energy Use	
ND	В7	Operational Water Use	
ND	C1	Deconstruction, demolition	
ND	C2	Transport	
ND	C3	Waste Processing	
ND	C4	Disposal	
ND	D	Future reuse, recycling or energy recovery potentials	Otther Environmental Information

^{*}ND: Not declared.

System Boundary



Transport of product

System boundary ---

System Description

A1: Raw Material Supply

Dubai Plaster uses three main raw materials; portland cement, crushed and graded limestone aggregate and additives. Each raw material consists of several production steps include raw material extraction/preparation and industrial production processes.

A2: Transportation

Additives are supplied from Europe. Except additives, all of other raw materials are supplied from U.A.E.

Transport Data (A2)	
Vehicle Types	Transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, euro5 {RoW} market for transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, EURO5 Cut-off, S
	Transport, freight, sea, transoceanic ship
Data Type	Related transport data from Ecoivent 3.6

A3: Manufacturing

Dubai Plaster produces Bonding Coats from raw materials, and packages with paper bags shrink wrapped with PE film, and stacked out the wooden pallets. During manufacturing, there is no waste arising from raw materials.

A4: Transport to Site

Bonding Coats that produced by Dubai Plaster is transported to site by truck. The average distance from manufacturing facility to site is calculated as 100 km.

Transport Data (A4)	
Vehicle Types	Transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, euro5 {RoW} market for transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, EURO5 Cut-off, S
Data Type	Related transport data from Ecoivent 3.6



Environmental Impacts for 1 kg Bonding Coats							
Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	
GWP - Fossil	kg CO ₂ eq	3.74E-01	5.85E-03	2.37E-02	4.04E-01	1.67E-02	
GWP - Biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq	5.13E-03	1.22E-06	-7.99E-02	-7.48E-02	3.49E-06	
GWP - Luluc	kg CO ₂ eq	7.93E-05	1.72E-06	4.13E-05	1.22E-04	4.90E-06	
GWP - Total	kg CO ₂ eq	3.79E-01	5.85E-03	-5.62E-02	3.29E-01	1.67E-02	
ODP	kg CFC11 eq	1.31E-08	1.34E-09	2.04E-09	1.65E-08	3.82E-09	
AP	mol H+ eq	9.84E-04	2.40E-05	8.59E-05	1.09E-03	6.87E-05	
EP - Freshwater	kg P eq	3.27E-05	4.62E-07	4.75E-06	3.79E-05	1.32E-06	
EP - Freshwater*	kg PO₄eq	10E-05	14.14E-07	14.54E-06	11.6E-05	4.04E-06	
EP - Marine	kg N eq	2.59E-04	7.00E-06	2.37E-05	2.90E-04	2.00E-05	
EP - Terrestrial	mol N eq	2.98E-03	7.69E-05	2.65E-04	3.32E-03	2.20E-04	
POCP	kg NMVOC eq	7.53E-04	2.34E-05	7.70E-05	8.54E-04	6.69E-05	
ADPE	kg Sb eq	1.52E-07	1.73E-08	4.40E-08	2.13E-07	4.93E-08	
ADPF	MJ	1.54E+00	8.88E-02	3.78E-01	2.01E+00	2.54E-01	
WDP	m³ depriv.	2.62E-02	6.04E-04	7.69E-03	3.45E-02	1.73E-03	
PM	disease inc.	7.97E-09	4.10E-10	2.27E-09	1.06E-08	1.17E-09	
IR	kBq U-235 eq	6.03E-03	4.19E-04	1.27E-03	7.72E-03	1.20E-03	
ETP - FW	CTUe	4.48E+00	6.35E-02	3.33E-01	4.87E+00	1.81E-01	
HTTP - C	CTUh	5.49E-11	1.85E-12	1.37E-11	7.04E-11	5.29E-12	
HTTP - NC	CTUh	2.68E-09	7.27E-11	2.49E-10	3.00E-09	2.08E-10	
SQP	Pt	4.04E-01	5.96E-02	7.02E+00	7.48E+00	1.70E-01	

Acronyms: GWP-total: Climate change, GWP-fossil: Climate change - fossil, GWP-biogenic: Climate change - biogenic, GWP-luluc: Climate change - land use and transformation, ODP: Ozone layer depletion, AP: Acidification terrestrial and freshwater, EP-freshwater: Eutrophication freshwater, EP-marine: Eutrophication marine, EP-terrestrial: Eutrophication terrestrial, POCP: Photochemical oxidation, ADPE: Abiotic depletion - elements, ADPF: Abiotic depletion - fossil resources, WDP: Water scarcity, PM: Respiratory inorganics - particulate matter, IR: Ionising radiation, ETP-FW: Ecotoxicity freshwater, HTP-c: Cancer human health effects, HTP-nc: Non-cancer human health effects, SQP: Land use related impacts, soil quality.

Legend: A1: Raw Material Supply, A2: Transport, A3: Manufacturing, A1-A3: Sum of A1, A2, and A3, A4: Transport to Site, A5: Installation, C1: De-Construction, C2: Waste Transport, C3: Waste Processing, C4: Disposal, D: Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundary.

Disclaimer 1: This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.

*EP-Freshwater: This indicator has been calculated as "kg P eg" as required in the characterization model. (EUTREND model, Struijs et al, 2009b, as implemented in ReCiPe; http://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/LCDN/developerEF.xhtml)

Resource Use for 1 kg Bonding Coats							
Impact Category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1+A3	A4	
PERE	MJ	7.73E-02	8.76E-04	1.09E+00	1.16E+00	2.50E-03	
PERM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	
PERT	MJ	7.73E-02	8.76E-04	1.09E+00	1.16E+00	2.50E-03	
PENRE	MJ	1.54E+00	8.88E-02	3.78E-01	2.01E+00	2.54E-01	
PENRM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	
PENRT	MJ	1.54E+00	8.88E-02	3.78E-01	2.01E+00	2.54E-01	
SM	kg	0	0	0	0	0	
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	
FW	m³	2.04E-03	1.50E-05	2.87E-04	2.35E-03	4.30E-05	

Waste & Output Flows for 1 kg Bonding Coats							
Impact Category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1+A3	A4	
HWD	kg	0	0	0	0	0	
NHWD	kg	0	0	1.25E-03	1.25E-03	0	
RWD	kg	0	0	0	0	0	
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	
MFR	kg	0	0	1.25E-03	1.25E-03	0	
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	
EE (Electrical)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	
EE (Thermal)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	

Acronyms: PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PERM: Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PERT: Total use of renewable primary energy, PENRE: Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PENRM: Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PENRT: Total use of non-renewable primary energy, SM: Secondary material, RSF: Renewable secondary fuels, NRSF: Non-renewable secondary fuels, FW: Net use of fresh water, HWD: Hazardous waste disposed, NHWD: Non-hazardous waste disposed, RWD: Radioactive waste disposed, CRU: Components for reuse, MFR: Material for recycling, MER: Materials for energy recovery, EE (Electrical): Exported energy electrical, EE (Thermal): Exported energy, Thermal.

Result per functional declared unit					
Biogenic Carbon Content	Unit	A1-A3			
Biogenic carbon content in product kg C 0.02					
Biogenic carbon content in packaging	kg C	0.29			
Note: It was assumed 50% of the wood pa	ckaging materi	al is biogenic carbon.			

References

/GPI/ General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System. Version 3.0.

/EN ISO 9001/ Quality Management Systems - Requirements

/EN ISO 14001/ Environmental Management Systems - Requirements

/ISO 45001/ Occupational Health & Safety Management System - Requirements

/ISO 14020:2000/ Environmental Labels and Declarations — General principles

/EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/ Sustainability of construction works - Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

/ISO 14025/ DIN EN ISO 14025:2009-11: Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

/ISO 14040/44/ DIN EN ISO 14040:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework (ISO14040:2006) and Requirements and guidelines (ISO 14044:2006)

/PCR for Construction Products and CPC 54 Construction Services/ Prepared by IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute, Swedish Environmental Protection Agency, SP Trä, Swedish Wood Preservation Institute, Swedisol, SCDA, Svenskt Limträ AB, SSAB, The International EPD System, 2019:14 Version 1.1 DATE 2019-12-20

/The International EPD® System/ The International EPD® System is a programme for type III environmental declarations, maintaining a system to verify and register EPD®s as well as keeping a library of EPD®s and PCRs in accordance with ISO 14025. www.environdec.com

/Ecoinvent / Ecoinvent Centre, www.ecoinvent.org

/SimaPro/ SimaPro LCA Software, Pré Consultants, the Netherlands, www.pre-sustainability.com

/Air emissions is taken from Greenhouse gas reporting: conversion factors 2020 / https://www.gov.uk/ Access Date: 19.03.2021

Contact Information



Programme

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