## Alba<sup>®</sup> 100 GYPSUM BLOCK



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The information in this publication is based on our current technical knowledge and experience. In view of the many factors that may affect processing and application of our products, this information does not relieve the users of our products from the responsibility of carrying out their own inspections and tests, as it only represents general guidance. It neither does imply any legally binding assurance of certain properties or of suitability for a particular application. It is the responsibility of those processing our products to ensure that any proprietary rights and existing laws and regulations are observed. We reserve the right to modifications in the interests of technical advancement.



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N° VERIFICATION S-P-01228

been verified by an independent third party.

# **1. General information**

Manufacturer: Rigips AGProgramme used: International EPD\* System (www.environdec.com)EPD registration number/declaration number: S-P-01228PCR identification: The International EPD System PCR for Construction Products and CPC 54 ConstructionServices V2, with reference to the Saint Gobain Environmental Product Declaration Methodological Guide for

Construction Products **Site of manufacture:** Rigips AG Heimberg; Gewerbepark, 5506 Mägenwil, Switzerland, and Rigips AG Granges, usine de la platrière, rte de Mangold 2, CH-3977 Granges VS, Switzerland **Declaration owner:** Christian Rolandi

Product / product family name and manufacturer represented: Alba® 100, Rigips AG

Declaration issued: 2018-03-09 Valid until: 2022-04-05

**Demonstration of verification:** an independent verification of the declaration and data was made, according to ISO 14025;2010 and EN15804;2012 + A1:2013. This verification was external and conducted by the following

to ISO 14025:2010 and EN15804:2012 + A1:2013. This verification was external and conducted by the following third party: Rolf Frischknecht, Treeze Ltd, based on the PCR mentioned above.

EPD Prepared by: Central SHEAR, Saint Gobain Gypsum. Contact. acagen-epd.gypsum@saint-gobain.com

Declaration of Hazardous substances: None

Explanatory material: Further information or explanatory material may be obtained by contacting Rigips AG

**Scope:** The EPD is based on 2014 production data for the Heimberg and Granges sites producing Alba<sup>®</sup> 100. This EPD covers information modules A1 to C4 (cradle to gate with options) as defined in EN 15804:2012 + A1:2013.

Geographical scope of EPD application is Switzerland

The declared unit is 1 m<sup>2</sup> of Alba<sup>®</sup> 100 with a weight of 100 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804.

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR	
PCR:	PCR 2012:01 Construction products and Construction services, Version 2.0, 2015- 03-03
PCR review was conducted by:	The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. Chair: Massimo Marino. Contact via info@environdec.com
Independent verification of the declaration, according to EN ISO 14025:2010	<ul> <li>EPD process certification (Internal)</li> <li>EPD verification (External)</li> </ul>
Third party verifier:	Rolf Frischknecht, Treeze Ltd
Accredited or approved by:	The International EPD® System

## 2. Product description

#### 2.1 Description of the main product components and or materials:

A calcium sulfate base with added water. Some glass fibers and additives are also used. The size is 100x1000x1000 mm in thickness, length and width.

#### 2.2 Application

Wall and ceiling gypsum block (panel) for dry constructions.

## 2.3 Technical data

EN CLASSIFICATION	None, modeled by BS EN 12859:2011
REACTION TO FIRE	A1, EN 13501-1 6.3, VKF
WATER VAPOUR RESISTANCE	μ = 5 - 10, EN 12524
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY	about 0.34 W/(m•K), EN ISO 10456

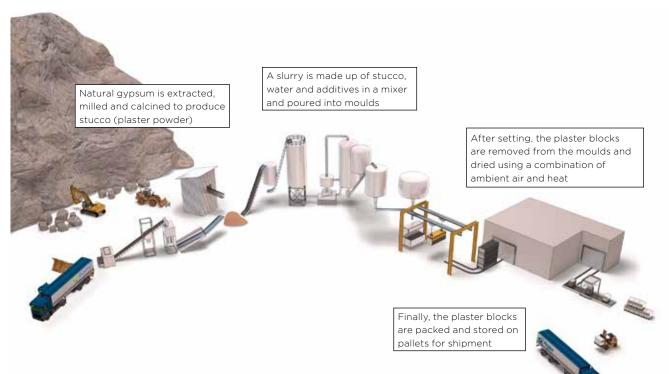
#### 2.4 Base materials / Ancillary materials

Rigips AG provides a complete solution for the installation of gypsum blocks. For the installation, the following implementation materials are needed: 0.85 kg/m<sup>2</sup> jointing compound.

#### 2.5 Product installation

It is important to observe appropriate health and safety legislation when working on site, i.e. personal protective clothing and equipment, etc. The following notes are intended as general guidance only. In practice, consideration must be given to design criteria requiring specific project solutions. Please refer to the Rigips Alba installation guides on www.rigips.ch.

#### 2.6 Manufacturing process flow



# **3. LCA calculation information**

DECLARED UNIT	1 m² of installed gypsum block weighing 80 kg
SYSTEM BOUNDARIES	Cradle to Gate with Options: Upstream & Core processes (A1 - A3), Downstream processes (A4 - A5, B1 - B7, C1 - C4)
REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE (RSL)	50 years. This 50 year value is the amount of time that we recommend our products last for without refurbishment, and corresponds to standard building design life
CUT-OFF RULES	Life Cycle Inventory data for a minimum of 99% of total inflows to the upstream and core module shall be included
ALLOCATIONS	Production data. Recycling, energy and waste data have been calculated on a mass basis.
GEOGRAPHICAL COVERAGE AND TIME PERIOD	Scope includes Switzerland only. Data collected in Heimberg and Granges, Switzerland in 2014. CML characterisation factors are used in the impact calculation.

According to EN 15804, EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with this standard.

According to ISO 21930, EPDs might not be comparable if they are from different programmes.

## 4. Life cycle stages

### Flow diagram of the Life Cycle



## Product stage, A1-A3

#### Description of the stage:

**A1**, raw material extraction and processing, processing of secondary material input (e.g. recycling processes). This includes the extraction and processing of all raw materials and energy which occur upstream from the manufacturing process.

**A2**, transport to the manufacturer. The raw materials are transported to the manufacturing site. The modelling includes road, boat and/or train transportations of each raw material.

**A3**, manufacturing, including provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during the product stage. This module includes the manufacture of products and the manufacture of packaging. The production of packaging material is taken into account at this stage. The processing of any waste arising from this stage is also included. In recent years an initiative was implemented to increase the content of recycled gypsum used for the plaster blocks production. 100% of the gypsum scrap from the production process is being reused.

## Construction process stage, A4-A5

## Description of the stage:

#### A4, transport to the building site,

**A5**, installation into the building, including provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during the construction process stage. These information modules also include all impacts and aspects related to any losses during this construction process stage (i.e. production, transport, and waste processing and disposal of the lost products and materials).

#### A4 Transport to the building site:

PARAMETER	VALUE (expressed perdeclared unit)
Fuel type and consumption of vehicle or vehicle type used for transport e.g. long distance truck, boat, etc.	Truck with a 27 tonne average payload Diesel consumption 0.158I/tkm
Distance	144 km by truck
Capacity utilisation (including empty returns)	85% volume capacity
Bulk density of transported products	1000 kg/m³
Volume capacity utilisation factor	1

### A5 Installation in the building:

PARAMETER	VALUE (expressed perdeclared unit)
Ancillary materials for installation (specified by materials)	Jointing compound 0.85 kg/m²
Water use	0.70 litres/m <sup>2</sup>
Other resource use	none
Quantitative description of energy type (regional mix) and consumption during the installation process	None required
Wastage of materials on the building site before waste processing, generated by the product's installation (specified by type)	Gypsum Blocks: 5 kg, 0.043 kg jointing compound
Output materials (specified by type) as results of waste processing at the building site e.g. of collection for recycling, for energy recovering, disposal (specified by route)	Gypsum Blocks:0.53 kg to internal recycling 4.25 kg to landfill 0.22 kg to incinerationJointing compound:0.005 kg to internal recycling 0.037 kg to landfill 0.001 kg to incineration
Direct emissions to ambient air, soil and water	None

## Use stage (excluding potential savings), B1-B7

### Description of the stage:

The use stage, related to the building fabric includes:

B1, use or application of the installed product;

**B2**, maintenance;

B3, repair;

**B4**, replacement;

**B5**, refurbishment, including provision and transport of all materials, products and related energy and water use, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during this part of the use stage. These information modules also include all impacts and aspects related to the losses during this part of the use stage (i.e. production, transport, and waste processing and disposal of the lost products and materials).

#### B2 Maintenance:

PARAMETER	VALUE (expressed per declared unit) / DESCRIPTION
Maintenance process	None required during product lifetime
Maintenance cycle	None required during product lifetime
Ancillary materials for maintenance (e.g. cleaning agent, specify materials)	None required during product lifetime
Wastage material during maintenance (specify materials)	None required during product lifetime
Net fresh water consumption during maintenance	None required during product lifetime
Energy input during maintenance (e.g. vacuum cleaning), energy carrier type, (e.g. electricity) and amount, if applicable and relevant	None required during product lifetime

#### **B3** Repair:

PARAMETER	VALUE (expressed per declared unit) / DESCRIPTION
Repair process	None required during product lifetime
Inspection process	None required during product lifetime
Repair cycle	None required during product lifetime
Ancillary materials (e.g. lubricant, specify materials)	None required during product lifetime
Wastage material during repair (specify materials)	None required during product lifetime
Net fresh water consumption during repair	None required during product lifetime
Energy input during repair (e.g. crane activity), energy carrier type, (e.g. electricity) and amount if applicable and relevant	None required during product lifetime

## **B4 Replacement:**

PARAMETER	VALUE (expressed per declared unit) / DESCRIPTION
Replacement cycle	None required during product lifetime
Energy input during replacement (e.g. crane activity), energy carrier type, (e.g. electricity) and amount if applicable and relevant	None required during product lifetime
Exchange of worn parts during the product's life cycle (e.g. zinc galvanized steel sheet), specify materials	None required during product lifetime

### **B5** Refurbishment:

PARAMETER	VALUE (expressed per declared unit) / DESCRIPTION
Refurbishment process	None required during product lifetime
Refurbishment cycle	None required during product lifetime
Material input for refurbishment (e.g. bricks), including ancillary materials for the refurbishment process (e.g. lubricant, specify materials)	None required during product lifetime
Wastage material during refurbishment (specify materials)	None required during product lifetime
Energy input during refurbishment (e.g. crane activity), energy carrier type, (e.g. electricity) and amount	None required during product lifetime
Further assumptions for scenario development (e.g. frequency and time period of use, number of occupants)	None required during product lifetime

## B6 Use of energy and water:

PARAMETER	VALUE (expressed per declared unit) / DESCRIPTION
Ancillary materials specified by material	None required during product lifetime
Net fresh water consumption	None required during product lifetime
Type of energy carrier (e.g. electricity, natural gas, district heating)	None required during product lifetime
Power output of equipment	None required during product lifetime
Characteristic performance (e.g. energy efficiency, emissions, variation of performance with capacity utilisation etc.)	None required during product lifetime
Further assumptions for scenario development (e.g. frequency and time period of use, number of occupants)	None required during product lifetime

## End-of-life stage C1-C4

## Description of the stage:

The end-of-life stage includes:

C1, de-construction, demolition;

C2, transport to waste processing;

C3, waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling;

**C4**, disposal, including provision and all transport, provision of all materials, products and related energy and water use.

#### End-of-life:

PARAMETER	VALUE (expressed per declared unit) / DESCRIPTION
Collection process specified by type	Separated, 100% collected by truck
Recovery system specified by type	10.6% of waste is recycled by Rigips
Disposal specified by type	85% landfilled 4.4% incinerated
Assumptions for scenario development (e.g. transportation)	On average, Gypsum waste is transported 220 km by truck to the recycling facility, 60 km by truck and 150 km by rail to the landfill facility and 30 km by truck, 10 km by ship and 50 km by rail to the incineration facility.

## Reuse/recovery/recycling potential, D

#### Description of the stage:

Module D includes: reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials, expressed as net impacts and benefits.

Old gypsum blocks from de-construction or demolition can theoretically be recycled infinitely. The old gypsum blocks are processed into gypsum powder. Gypsum blocks made from this gypsum powder have the same quality and technical characteristics as the blocks made of natural gypsum.

The only condition for the recycling process is that the blocks are delivered without any foreign substances to the site.

Rigips wants to promote this process by means of favourable conditions, thereby saving the natural resource of gypsum and reducing the amount of landfill.

# 5. LCA results

Description of the system boundary (X = Included in LCA, MNA = Module Not Assessed). The declared unit is  $1 \text{ m}^2$  of Alba<sup>®</sup> 100 with a weight of 100 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

CML characterisation factors are used in the impact calculation. Specific data has been supplied by the plant, and generic data come from the Thinkstep and Ecoinvent 3.3 databases.

All emissions to air, water, and soil, and all materials and energy used have been included, with the exception of long-term emissions (>100 years).

F	PRODU STAGI		CONSTR STA				US	E STA	E STAGE END OF LIFE STAGE			BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY				
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction-Installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-recovery
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

		D Reuse, recovery, recycling	2.4E-02	1.6E-10	6.7E-05	1.3E-05	5.1E-06	5.7E-05	1.5E-01
		lssoqsiQ 40	2.0E+00	3.9E-08	1.1E-02	1.4E-03	7.9E-04	7.7E-07	2.4E+01
	End-of-life stage	C3 Waste	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	End-of-l	C2 Transport	4.2E-01	1.2E-10	1.9E-03	4.7E-04	5.7E-04	8.9E-08	5.7E+00
		C1 Deconstruction V demolition	4.4E-01	9.2E-13	2.4E-03	1.0E-04	1.5E-04	3.8E-09	5.7E+00
		B7 Operational water use	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		B6 Operational energy use	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		anəmdzidrufəA 28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS	Use stage	fnemessiges 48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NTAL IN		B3 Repair	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RONME		9⊃nan9tniaM S8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENVI		əsU IB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Construction process stage	noitelletenl 2A	2.8E+00	1.5E-08	1.4E-03	3.4E-04	2.0E-05	2.5E-04	2.0E+01
	Construction process stage	troqenerT 4A	5.3E-01	1.8E-13	2.2E-03	5.5E-04	9.0E-04	4.3E-08	7.3E+00
	Product stage	2A \ 2A \ IA	2.0E+01	1.9E-07	3.9E-02	3.4E-03	3.8E-03	4.3E-03	3.9E+02
		Parameters	Global Warming Potential (GWP) – <i>kg CO<sub>2</sub> equiv/FU</i>	Ozone Depletion (ODP) kg CFC 11 equiv/FU	Acidification potential (AP) kg SO <sub>2</sub> equiv/FU	Eutrophication potential (EP) kg (PO4) <sup>3-</sup> equiv/FU	Photochemical ozone creation (POPC) kg Ethene equiv/FU	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil ressources (ADP-elements) kg Sb equiv/FU	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil ressources (ADP-fossil fuels) - <i>MJ/FU</i>
					6	3	6	6	6

	٨,	D Reuse, recover: recycling	1.6E+00		1.6E+00	2.3E+00		2.3E+00	0	0	0	2.3E-03
		lssoqsi0 40	2.5E+00	r	2.5E+00	2.6E+01	ı	2.6E+01	0	0	0	1.6E-02
	fe stage	C3 Waste processing	0	ı.	0	0	I	0	0	0	0	0
	End-of-life stage	C2 Transport	1.4E+00	ı	1.4E+00	7.2E+00	ı	7.2E+00	0	0	0	2.2E-03
		C1 Deconstruction Deconstruction		I.	1.6E-02	5.8E+00	I	5.8E+00	0	0	0	3.5E-05
		B7 Operational water use	0	I.	0	0	I	0	0	0	0	0
		B6 Operational energy use	0	i.	0	0	I.	0	0	0	0	0
	a	B5 Refurbishment	0		0	0	ı	0	0	0	0	0
Щ	Use stage	Replacement B4	0	i.	0	0	ı	0	0	0	0	0
RESOURCE USE	C	B3 Repair	0	ı.	0	0	ı.	0	0	0	0	0
RESOL		92 Maintenance	0	i.	0	0	ı	0	0	0	0	0
		9sU [8	0	ı.	0	0	ı	0	0	0	0	0
	Construction process stage	noitelletenl 2A	7.7E+00	ı	7.7E+00	2.1E+01	ı	2.1E+01	4.7E-01	0	0	1.3E-02
	Constr proces	troqenerT 4A	3.7E-01	ı	3.7E-01	7.3E+00	·	7.3E+00	0	0	0	6.8E-04
	Product stage	2A \ 2A \ IA	1.5E+02	0	1.5E+02	4.3E+02	0	4.3E+02	9.2E+00	0	0	1.4E-01
		Parameters	Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials - <i>MJ/FU</i>	Use of renewable primary energy used as raw materials <i>MJ/FU</i>	Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials) <i>MJ/FU</i>	Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials - <i>MJ/FU</i>	Use of non-renewable primary energy used as raw materials - <i>MJ/FU</i>	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials) – <i>MJ/FU</i>	Use of secondary material kg/FU	Use of renewable secondary fuels - MJ/FU	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels – <i>MJ/FU</i>	Use of net fresh water $m^{3/F}U$

		Gunalaat	60	03	40
		D Reuse, recovery, recycling	2.6E-09	4.2E-03	8.2E-04
		lesoqsiQ 40	3.0E-07	8.7E+01	7.4E-04
	End-of-life stage	processing C3 Waste	0	0	0
	End-of-l	C2 Transport	2.9E-07	3.5E-03	7.2E-06 6.0E-04
		C1 Deconstruction A demolition	4.2E-10	7.9E-04	7.2E-06
		B7 Operational water use	0	0	0
		B6 Operational energy use	0	0	0
	۵.	anəmdzidrufəA 28	0	0	0
RIES	Use stage	tnemeselqe9 48	0	0	0
ATEGO		B3 Repair	0	0	0
WASTE CATEGORIES		92n6n9tni6M S8	0	0	0
3		BJ Use	0	0	0
	uction s stage	noitelletenl 2A	1.3E-07	4.4E+00	5.9E-04
	Construction process stage	troqanat 4A	3.9E-07	5.6E-04	1.0E-05
	Product stage	2A \ 2A \ IA	6.5E-07	3.5E-01	1.6E-02
		Parameters	Hazardous waste disposed kg/FU	Non-hazardous (excluding inert) waste disposed kg/FU	Radioactive waste disposed kg/FU
			1	D	D

		ם Reuse, recovery, recycling	0	0	0	0
		lssoqsid 40	0	0	0	0
	e stage	C3 Waste	0	1.1E+01	0	0
	End-of-life stage	C2 Transport	0	0	0	0
		C1 Deconstruction \ demolition	0	0	0	0
		B7 Operational water use	0	0	0	0
		B6 Operational energy use	0	0	0	0
	Ð	Jnəmdzidrufəg 28	0	0	0	0
NS	Use stage	anemessiges 48	0	0	0	0
OUTPUT FLOWS		B3 Repair	0	0	0	0
OUTPI		92 Maintensteine SB	0	0	0	0
		əsU [8	0	0	0	0
	Construction process stage	noitelletenl 2A	0	5.4E-01	0	0
	Const proces	troqensıT 4A	0	0	0	0
	Product stage	2A \ 2A \ IA	0	0	0	0
		Parameters	Components for re-use kg/FU	Materials for recycling kg/FU	Materials for energy recovery kg/FU	Exported energy, detailed by energy carrier <i>MJ/FU</i>
					D	

## 6. LCA results interpretation



<sup>1</sup> This indicator corresponds to the abiotic depletion potential of fossil resources.

<sup>2</sup> This indicator corresponds to the total use of primary energy.

<sup>3</sup> This indicator corresponds to the use of net fresh water.

<sup>4</sup> This indicator corresponds to the sum of hazardous, non-hazardous and radioactive waste disposed.

87% of the energy consumption for Alba® 100 comes from the stages A1-A3. The natural gas use of the manufacturing site accounts for 60% of the energy consumed in A1-A3.

### Savings from Rigips initiatives to reduce energy consumption

Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CO <sub>2</sub> Reduction															
Diff to year 2000	0	-3%	-5%	-4%	-4%	-4%	-6%	-8%	-19%	-21%	-21%	-24%	-23%	-27%	-28%
Diff to year 2005						0%	-2%	-4%	-15%	-18%	-17%	-20%	-20%	-23%	-25%
Electricity efficency															
Diff to year 2000	0	2%	3%	1%	2%	1%	-5%	-7%	-16%	-19%	-21%	-24%	-24%	-29%	-31%
Diff to year 2005						0%	-7%	-8%	-17%	-20%	-22%	-25%	-25%	-30%	-32%

Data basis: per to gypsum block for Rigips AG, Heimberg, Leissigen & Granges Plant

# 7. Additional Environmental information

Additional information has been produced in accordance with «Swiss specific and additional requirements on construction product LCAs according to EN 15804» (Frischknecht 2015) in order to provide the background information for environmental indicators used in the KBOB-recommendation (KBOB et al. 2016).

Background modelling information remains the same as in the preceding sections, with the following exceptions:

#### LCA Calculation Information:

DECLARED UNIT	1 kg of installed gypsum block
SYSTEM BOUNDARIES	Cradle to Gate plus downstream processes (A1-A3, C3-C4)
REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE (RSL)	50 years (as per the Saint-Gobain Methodological Guide)
CUT-OFF RULES	Life Cycle Inventory data for a minimum of 99% of total inflows to the upstream and core module shall be included
ALLOCATIONS	Production data, energy and waste data have been calculated on a mass basis.
GEOGRAPHICAL COVERAGE AND TIME PERIOD	Scope includes Switzerland only. Data collected in Leissigen and Heimberg, Switzerland in 2014.

#### End-of-life:

PARAMETER	VALUE (expressed per declared unit) / DESCRIPTION
Collection process specified by type	Separated, 100% collected by truck
Recovery system specified by type	According to the KBOB recommendation, no waste is recycled
Disposal specified by type	According to the KBOB recommendation, 100% of waste is landfilled
Assumptions for scenario development (e.g. transportation)	According to KBOB indicator requirements waste is transported 15 km by lorry to landfill

Description of the system boundary (X = Included in LCA, MNA = Module Not Assessed). The declared unit is 1kg of average gypsum plate of the «Alba<sup>\*</sup>» product family with an average density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

BENEFITS AND PRODUCT CONSTRUCTION LOADS BEYOND USE STAGE END OF LIFE STAGE STAGE STAGE THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY **Operational energy use Operational water use** Raw material supply Construction-Installation process Waste processing De-construction Reuse-recovery Manufacturing Refurbishment Replacement Maintenance demolition Transport Transport Transport Disposal Repair Use A1 A2 Α3 Α4 Α5 B1 В2 В3 В4 В5 В6 Β7 C1 C2 C3 C4 D х Х Х MNA х Х MNA

Specific data has been supplied by the plant, and generic data comes from the Ecoinvent 2.2 database.

Cumulative energy demand									
Parameters	Total	Production	Disposal						
Parameters	A1/A2/A3/C3/C4	A1/A2/A3	C3/C4						
Total cumulative energy demand <i>MJ/kg</i>	5.95	5.67	0.28						
Renewable energy demand <i>MJ/kg</i>	0.311	0.308	0.003						
Non-renewable energy demand <i>MJ/kg</i>	5.64	5.36	0.277						

Greenhouse gas emissions, quantified with the GWP based on IPCC 2013								
Parameters	Total	Production	Disposal					
Parameters	A1/A2/A3/C3/C4	A1/A2/A3	C3/C4					
Global Warming Potential (GWP) <i>kg CO<sub>2</sub> equiv/kg</i>	0.285	0.274	0.011					

Environmental impacts quantified with the eco-factors 2013 of the ecological scarcity method Production Disposal Total Parameters A1/A2/A3/C3/C4 A1/A2/A3 C3/C4 Total UPB 2013 331 311 19.9 UBP/kg Water resources 1.82E-01 1.50E-02 1.67E-01 UBP/kg Energy resources 1.95E+01 9.66E-01 1.85E+01 UBP/kg Mineral resources 1.42E+01 9.81E+00 4.35E+00 UBP/kg Land use 1.19E+00 7.83E-01 4.08E-01 UBP/kg Global warming 1.30E+02 1.25E+02 4.98E+00 UBP/kg Ozone layer depletion 4.07E-01 4.01E-01 6.39E-03 UBP/kg Main air pollutants and PM 1.15E+02 5.23E+00 1.10E+02 UBP/kg Carcinogenic substances into air 2.93E+00 2.70E+00 2.27E-01 UBP/kg Heavy metals into air 7.99E+00 7.67E+00 3.17E-01 UBP/kg Water pollutants 3.39E+00 2.47E+00 9.16E-01 UBP/kg POP into water 8.23E-01 3.52E-01 4.71E-01 UBP/kg Heavy metals into water 9.49E+00 8.84E+00 6.53E-01 UBP/kg Pesticides into soil 4.44E-03 1.03E-04 4.34E-03 UBP/kg Heavy metals into soil 3.31E-01 2.50E-01 8.12E-02 UBP/kg Radioactive substances into air 7.47E-06 7.39E-06 8.10E-08 UBP/kg Radioactive substances into water 6.00E-01 7.35E-03 5.93E-01 UBP/kg Noise 2.41E+00 1.44E+00 9.69E-01 UBP/kg Non radioactive waste to deposit 1.82E-01 1.72E-01 9.84E-03 UBP/kg Radioactive waste to deposit 2.23E+01 2.20E+01 2.59E-01 UBP/kg

## 8. References

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