



# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025 / ISO 21930



# STEEL HOLLOW SECTION SMEDERNA SVERIGE AB

Programme: The Internation EPD® System, www.environdec.com

Programme operator: EPD International AB EPD registration number: S-P-04784

Publication date

Valid until: 2026-11-23

An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at <a href="https://www.environdec.com">www.environdec.com</a>.









# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **MANUFACTURER INFORMATION**

| Manufacturer    | Smederna Sverige AB               |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Address         | Skyttbrinksvägen 12, 147 39 Tumba |
| Contact details | smederna@smederna.se              |
| Website         | www.smederna.se                   |

#### PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

| Product name           | Steel Hollow Section  |
|------------------------|---|
| Place(s) of production | Tumba, Sweden   |
| CPC code               | 4219 - Other structures (except prefabricated buildings) and parts of structures, of iron, steel or aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, profiles, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of iron, steel or aluminium; props and similar equipment for scaffolding, shuttering or pitpropping. |

## The International EPD System

EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable.

#### One Click CA

#### **EPD INFORMATION**

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. Construction products EPDs may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

| The International EPD system  |
|---|
| This EPD is in accordance with EN 15804+A2 and ISO 14025 standards.   |
| The CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR. In addition, the Int'l EPD System PCR 2019:14 Construction products, version 1.11 (2021.02.05) is used. |
| Thommy Nyström, Smederna Sverige AB   |
| Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025:  ☐ Internal certification ☑ External verification                                  |
| 2021-11-24  |
| Sergio A. Ballén Zamora   |
| S-P-04784   |
| -   |
| 2021-11-26  |
| 2026-11-25  |
|   |





## PRODUCT INFORMATION

#### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Hollow sections, especially those with square or rectangular section, are used as a complement to beam profiles in building construction and civil engineering. The hollow sections are manufactured at Smederna's workshop located at Tumba, Sweden and they are transported and assembled on construction sites to form the primary framework of the buildings.

#### PRODUCT APPLICATION

Hollow sections are used as a complement to beam profiles in building construction and civil engineering.

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

The material quality used is steel up to S355.

#### **PRODUCT STANDARDS**

The requirements in EN1090-2: 2018 are applied and the steel structures can be manufactured in design classes up to EXC4

#### PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE PRODUCT

More technical data and information is available if needed in our steel workshop in Tumba, Sweden.

#### ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Further information can be found at www.smederna.se.

#### PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL COMPOSITION

| Product and<br>Packaging Material | Weight,<br>kg | Post-<br>consumer<br>% | Renewable<br>% | Country<br>Region<br>of<br>origin |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Virgin Steel                      | 0,84          | -                      | -              | EU                                |
| Recycled Steel                    | 0,15          | 100                    | -              | EU                                |
| Welding filler<br>material        | <0,1          | -                      | -              | EU                                |
| Alkyd paint                       | <0,1          | -                      | -              | EU                                |
| Zinc coating                      | <0,1          | -                      | -              | EU                                |

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).







## PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

## **MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)**

Hollow sections are procured from the external supplier (<u>Tibnor</u>, Sweden) as a finished product. Then the hollow sections are cut and drilled, and for most of the final products hollow sections are welded and combined with the different steel components in Smederna's manufacturing unit (Sweden), based on the customer requirements. The welding process consumes welding fillers, and the gases are used as shielding. The hollow sections are then loaded for shipping and sent to building site. In some cases, hollow sections are galvanized, and complementary painting is applied. There is no other relevant secondary material used in the production supply. The manufacturing process requires electricity and fuels for the different equipment. The steel waste produced at the plant is directed into recycling.

### **TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)**

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

Average distance of transportation from production plant to building site is assumed as 60 km and the transportation method is assumed to be lorry. Vehicle capacity utilization volume factor is assumed to be 1, which means full load. In reality, it may vary but as role of transportation emissions in total results is small, the variety in load is assumed to be negligible. Empty returns are not taken into account as it is assumed that return trip is used by the

transportation company to serve the needs of other clients. Transportation does not cause losses as product are packaged properly.

Density of the hollow section (steel) is 7850 kg/m3, however bulk density varies depending on product type and thickness. Therefore, the average loss due to the openings both in the product itself and between the nested products is assumed as 10%; accordingly, bulk density is calculated as an approximate 7000 kg/m3.

#### PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)

This EPD does not cover the use phase. Air, soil and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

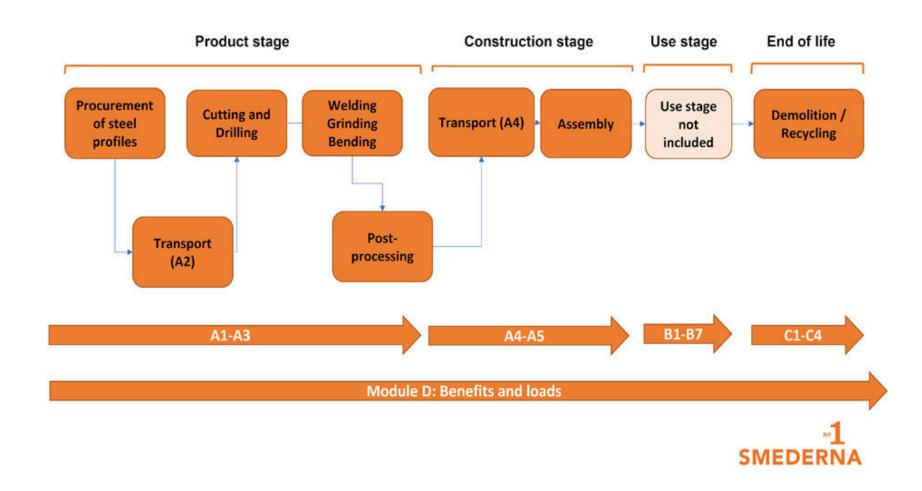
### PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)

Demolition is assumed to take 0,01 kWh/kg of product. The source of energy is diesel fuel used by construction machines (C1). It is assumed that 100% of the waste is collected and transported to the waste treatment centre. Distance for transportation to treatment is assumed as 18 km and the transportation method is assumed to be lorry (C2). Approximately 95% of steel is assumed to be recycled based on World Steel Association, 2020 (C3). It is assumed that the rest 5 % of hollow sections is taken to landfill for final disposal (C4). Due to the recycling potential of the steel materials, the benefits and loads of the hollow sections are considered in module D.





# **MANUFACTURING PROCESS**









# LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

#### LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT INFORMATION

| Period for data | 2020 |
|-----------------|------|
|-----------------|------|

#### **DECLARED AND FUNCTIONAL UNIT**

| Declared unit          | 1 kg |
|------------------------|------|
| Mass per declared unit | 1    |

#### **BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT**

Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

| Biogenic carbon content in product, kg C   | 0      |
|--|--------|
| Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C | 0,0001 |

#### **SYSTEM BOUNDARY**

This EPD covers the *cradle to gate with options* scope with following modules; A1 (Raw material supply), A2 (Transport) and A3 (Manufacturing), A4 (Transport), A5 (Assembly) as well as C1 (Deconstruction), C2 (Transport at end-of-life), C3 (Waste processing) and C4 (Disposal). In addition, module D - benefits and loads beyond the system boundary is included.

|               | rodu<br>stage |                | Asse<br>sta | mbly<br>ige |         |             |          | En          | d of li       | ife sta                | S                     | yond<br>yster<br>unda | n         |                  |          |       |          |           |  |  |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|---------|-------------|----------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|-------|----------|-----------|--|--|
| A1            | A2            | А3             | A4          | A5          | B1      | B2          | В3       | В4          | B5            | В6                     | В7                    | C1                    | C2        | C3               | C4       | D     | D        | D         |  |  |
| х             | х             | х              | х           | х           | MND     | MND         | MND      | MND         | MND           | MND                    | MND                   | х                     | х         | х                | х        | х     | х        | х         |  |  |
| Geo           | graph         | <b>ıy</b> , by | two-l       | etter I     | SO coui | ntry cod    | de or re | gions. T    | he Inte       | rnation                | al EPD S              | yster                 | n only    | <b>y</b> .       |          |       |          |           |  |  |
| EU            | EU            | EU             | EU          | EU          | -       | -           | -        | -           | -             | -                      | -                     | EU                    | EU        | EU               | EU       |       | EU       |           |  |  |
| Raw materials | Transport     | Manufacturing  | Transport   | Assembly    | Use     | Maintenance | Repair   | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | Deconstr./demol.      | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse | Recovery | Recycling |  |  |

Modules not declared = MND. Modules not relevant = MNR.

#### **CUT-OFF CRITERIA**

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and The International EPD System Construction Products PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances.

The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes which data are available for are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass and energy flows. The total neglected input and output flows do also not exceed 5% of







energy usage or mass. The life cycle analysis includes all industrial processes from raw material acquisition to production, distribution and end-of-life stages.

For easier modelling and because of lack of accuracy in available modelling resources many constituents under 0,1% of product mass are excluded. These include some ancillary materials which are all present in the product only in very small amounts and have no serious impact on the emissions of the product.

The production of capital equipment, construction activities, and infrastructure, maintenance and operation of capital equipment, personnel-related activities, energy and water use related to company management and sales activities are excluded.

#### **ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS**

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation.

In this study, as per EN 15804, allocation is conducted in the following order;

- 1. Allocation should be avoided.
- 2. Allocation should be based on physical properties (e.g. mass, volume) when the difference in revenue is small.
- 3. Allocation should be based on economic values.

As it is impossible to collect raw material, ancillary material, energy consumption and waste production data separately for each product produced the in the plant, data is allocated. Allocation is based on annual production rate.

The values for 1 kilogram of hollow sections are calculated by considering the total product weight per annual production. In the factory, several kinds of steel produts are produced; since the production processes of these products are very similar, the annual production percentages are taken into consideration for allocation. According to the ratio of the annual production of the declared product to the total annual production at the factory, the annual total raw materials, energy consumption, packaging materials and the generated waste per the declared product are allocated. Subsequently, the product output fixed to 1 kg and the corresponding amount of product is used in the calculations. This LCA study is conducted in accordance with all methodological considerations, such as performance, system boundaries, data quality, allocation procedures, and decision rules to evaluate inputs and outputs. Allocation used in Ecoinvent 3.6 environmental data sources follows the methodology 'allocation, cut-off by classification'. This methodology is in line with the requirements of the EN 15804 -standard.

#### **AVERAGES AND VARIABILITY**

The International EPD System additional data requirements

Data specificity and GWP-GHG variability for GWP-GHG for A1-A3.

| Supply-chain specific data for GWP-GHG | >90 % |
|--|-------|
| Variation in GWP-GHG between products  | <10%  |
| Variation in GWP-GHG between sites     | -     |







# **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA**

Note: additional environmental impact data may be presented in annexes.

## **CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS - EN 15804+A2, PEF**

| Impact category             | Unit      | A1       | A2      | А3      | A1-A3   | A4      | A5       | B1  | B2  | В3  | B4  | B5  | B6  | B7  | <b>C1</b> | C2       | C3       | C4       | D        |
|-----------------------------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| GWP – total                 | kg CO2e   | 2,59E0   | 1,2E-2  | 3,88E-2 | 2,64E0  | 5,19E-3 | 2,92E-3  | MND | 3,3E-3    | 1,64E-3  | 2,21E-2  | 2,64E-4  | -1,15E0  |
| GWP – fossil                | kg CO2e   | 2,59E0   | 1,2E-2  | 3,42E-2 | 2,64E0  | 5,24E-3 | 3,3E-3   | MND | 3,3E-3    | 1,64E-3  | 2,34E-2  | 2,63E-4  | -1,16E0  |
| GWP – biogenic              | kg CO2e   | -1,81E-6 | 8,66E-6 | 4,53E-3 | 4,54E-3 | 3,97E-6 | -3,83E-4 | MND | 9,17E-7   | 1,19E-6  | -1,34E-3 | 5,22E-7  | 8,23E-3  |
| GWP – LULUC                 | kg CO2e   | 2,85E-3  | 3,61E-6 | 2,5E-5  | 2,87E-3 | 1,65E-6 | 2,86E-7  | MND | 2,79E-7   | 4,92E-7  | 2,66E-5  | 7,82E-8  | 3,14E-5  |
| Ozone depletion pot.        | kg CFC11e | 1,52E-7  | 2,81E-9 | 5,03E-9 | 1,6E-7  | 1,29E-9 | 7,13E-10 | MND | 7,12E-10  | 3,85E-10 | 3,37E-9  | 1,08E-10 | -3,07E-8 |
| Acidification potential     | mol H+e   | 1,3E-2   | 5,02E-5 | 9,91E-5 | 1,32E-2 | 1,68E-5 | 3,45E-5  | MND | 3,45E-5   | 6,87E-6  | 2,84E-4  | 2,5E-6   | -4,46E-3 |
| EP-freshwater <sup>2)</sup> | kg Pe     | 1,54E-4  | 9,74E-8 | 1,14E-6 | 1,56E-4 | 4,45E-8 | 1,36E-8  | MND | 1,33E-8   | 1,33E-8  | 1,62E-6  | 3,18E-9  | -4,65E-5 |
| EP-marine                   | kg Ne     | 2,48E-3  | 1,51E-5 | 1,84E-5 | 2,51E-3 | 3,7E-6  | 1,52E-5  | MND | 1,52E-5   | 2,07E-6  | 6,27E-5  | 8,61E-7  | -8,78E-4 |
| EP-terrestrial              | mol Ne    | 2,93E-2  | 1,67E-4 | 1,96E-4 | 2,96E-2 | 4,12E-5 | 1,67E-4  | MND | 1,67E-4   | 2,29E-5  | 7,28E-4  | 9,48E-6  | -9,29E-3 |
| POCP ("smog")               | kg NMVOCe | 1,24E-2  | 5,37E-5 | 6,49E-5 | 1,25E-2 | 1,62E-5 | 4,59E-5  | MND | 4,59E-5   | 7,35E-6  | 1,99E-4  | 2,75E-6  | -6,06E-3 |
| ADP-minerals & metals       | kg Sbe    | 7,69E-5  | 2,06E-7 | 9,34E-8 | 7,72E-5 | 9,33E-8 | 5,11E-9  | MND | 5,03E-9   | 2,79E-8  | 1,3E-6   | 2,41E-9  | -1,15E-6 |
| ADP-fossil resources        | MJ        | 2,92E1   | 1,86E-1 | 5,55E-1 | 2,99E1  | 8,51E-2 | 4,54E-2  | MND | 4,54E-2   | 2,54E-2  | 3,25E-1  | 7,36E-3  | -8,53E0  |
| Water use <sup>1)</sup>     | m3e depr. | 1,53E0   | 6,91E-4 | 1,82E-2 | 1,55E0  | 3,16E-4 | 8,51E-5  | MND | 8,46E-5   | 9,47E-5  | 4,61E-3  | 3,4E-4   | -1,64E-1 |

<sup>1)</sup> GWP = Global Warming Potential; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Photochemical ozone formation; ADP = Abiotic depletion potential. 2) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Abiotic depletion and Water use and optional indicators except Particulate matter and Ionizing radiation, human health. The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator. 3) Required characterisation method and data are in kg P-eq. Multiply by 3,07 to get PO4e.

#### **USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

| Impact category         | Unit | A1     | A2      | А3      | A1-A3   | A4      | A5       | B1  | B2  | В3  | B4  | B5  | В6  | B7  | C1      | C2      | С3      | C4      | D       |
|-------------------------|------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Renew. PER as energy    | MJ   | 2,89E0 | 2,35E-3 | 6,82E-1 | 3,57E0  | 1,07E-3 | 2,46E-4  | MND | 2,45E-4 | 3,2E-4  | 5,1E-2  | 5,95E-5 | 1E-1    |
| Renew. PER as material  | MJ   | 0E0    | 0E0     | 3,76E-3 | 3,76E-3 | 0E0     | -3,75E-3 | MND | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     |
| Total use of renew. PER | MJ   | 2,89E0 | 2,35E-3 | 6,86E-1 | 3,58E0  | 1,07E-3 | -3,51E-3 | MND | 2,45E-4 | 3,2E-4  | 5,1E-2  | 5,95E-5 | 1E-1    |
| Non-re. PER as energy   | MJ   | 2,92E1 | 1,86E-1 | 5,55E-1 | 2,99E1  | 8,51E-2 | 4,54E-2  | MND | 4,54E-2 | 2,54E-2 | 3,25E-1 | 7,36E-3 | -8,53E0 |
| Non-re. PER as material | MJ   | 0E0    | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0      | MND | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     |







| Total use of non-re. PER | MJ | 2,92E1  | 1,86E-1 | 5,55E-1 | 2,99E1  | 8,51E-2 | 4,54E-2 | MND | 4,54E-2 | 2,54E-2 | 3,25E-1 | 7,36E-3 | -8,53E0  |
|--------------------------|----|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| Secondary materials      | kg | 2,77E-1 | 0E0     | 7,73E-5 | 2,77E-1 | 0E0     | 0E0     | MND | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 5,4E-1   |
| Renew. secondary fuels   | MJ | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | MND | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0      |
| Non-ren. secondary fuels | MJ | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | MND | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0     | 0E0      |
| Use of net fresh water   | m3 | 1,96E-2 | 3,86E-5 | 1,45E-4 | 1,97E-2 | 1,77E-5 | 4,03E-6 | MND | 4,01E-6 | 5,3E-6  | 1,33E-4 | 8,05E-6 | -7,66E-3 |

<sup>6)</sup> PER = Primary energy resources

#### **END OF LIFE - WASTE**

| Impact category     | Unit | A1      | A2      | А3      | A1-A3   | A4      | A5      | B1  | B2  | В3  | B4  | B5  | В6  | B7  | C1      | C2      | С3  | C4      | D        |
|---------------------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|-----|---------|----------|
| Hazardous waste     | Kg   | 8,81E-1 | 1,81E-4 | 9,67E-4 | 8,82E-1 | 8,26E-5 | 4,92E-5 | MND | 4,88E-5 | 2,47E-5 | 0E0 | 6,87E-6 | -1,39E-1 |
| Non-hazardous waste | Kg   | 7,82E0  | 1,99E-2 | 5,86E-2 | 7,9E0   | 9,14E-3 | 5,34E-4 | MND | 5,22E-4 | 2,74E-3 | 0E0 | 5E-2    | -1,56E0  |
| Radioactive waste   | Kg   | 7,06E-5 | 1,28E-6 | 1,47E-6 | 7,33E-5 | 5,84E-7 | 3,18E-7 | MND | 3,18E-7 | 1,75E-7 | 0E0 | 4,87E-8 | 6,25E-6  |

#### **END OF LIFE - OUTPUT FLOWS**

| Impact category          | Unit | A1  | A2  | А3     | A1-A3  | A4  | A5      | B1  | B2  | В3  | B4  | B5  | В6  | B7  | C1  | C2  | С3     | C4  | D   |
|--------------------------|------|-----|-----|--------|--------|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|
| Components for re-use    | Kg   | 0E0 | 0E0 | 0E0    | 0E0    | 0E0 | 0E0     | MND | 0E0 | 0E0 | 0E0    | 0E0 | 0E0 |
| Materials for recycling  | Kg   | 0E0 | 0E0 | 4,2E-3 | 4,2E-3 | 0E0 | 0E0     | MND | 0E0 | 0E0 | 9,5E-1 | 0E0 | 0E0 |
| Materials for energy rec | Kg   | 0E0 | 0E0 | 0E0    | 0E0    | 0E0 | 4,74E-4 | MND | 0E0 | 0E0 | 0E0    | 0E0 | 0E0 |
| Exported energy          | MJ   | 0E0 | 0E0 | 0E0    | 0E0    | 0E0 | 0E0     | MND | 0E0 | 0E0 | 0E0    | 0E0 | 0E0 |

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – GWP-GHG - THE INTERNATIONAL EPD SYSTEM**

| Impact category | Unit    | A1     | A2     | А3      | A1-A3  | A4      | A5     | B1  | B2  | В3  | B4  | B5  | В6  | B7  | C1     | C2      | C3      | C4      | D       |
|-----------------|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| GWP-GHG         | kg CO2e | 2,59E0 | 1,2E-2 | 3,42E-2 | 2,64E0 | 5,24E-3 | 3,3E-3 | MND | 3,3E-3 | 1,64E-3 | 2,34E-2 | 2,63E-4 | -1,16E0 |

<sup>8)</sup> This indicator includes all greenhouse gases excluding biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product as defined by IPCC AR 5 (IPCC 2013) This indicator Is almost equal to the GWP indicator originally defined in EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.







#### **SCENARIO DOCUMENTATION**

#### Manufacturing energy scenario documentation

| Scenario parameter                  | Value                      |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Electricity data source and quality | Electricity production,    |
|                                     | hydro, run-of-river        |
|                                     | (Reference product:        |
|                                     | electricity, high voltage) |
| Electricity kg CO2e / kWh           | 0,0039                     |
| District heating data source and    | Heat and power co-         |
| quality                             | generation, natural gas,   |
|                                     | conventional power plant,  |
|                                     | 100mw electrical           |
|                                     | (Reference product: heat,  |
|                                     | district or industrial,    |
|                                     | natural gas )              |
| District heating kg CO2e / kWh      | 0,00775                    |

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

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Steel Hollow Section LCA background report 2021.10.04

World Steel Association, 2020:

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Tibnor Hollow Sections:

https://www.environdec.com/library/epd2044

Vattenfall's Hydropower:

https://www.environdec.com/library/epd88









Smederna Sverige AB currently has around 100 employees and in 2019 our turnover was SEK 194 million. Every month, at least 300 tonnes of steel pass through Smederna's premises in Tumba, Sweden. This makes us Mälardalen's largest forging company. With production around the clock, specially trained personnel, CNC controlled machines, our own Tekla department and trained assembly personnel, we are pioneers in the industry. We are certified according to: EN 1090-1, EN 1090-2 for EXC 1, 2, 3 and 4 and EN ISO 3834-2, 3 and 4 and may CE mark our products. This applies to the manufacture, delivery and assembly of steel structures and welded profiles. We are also certified for the environment ISO 14001.

#### **EPD AUTHOR AND CONTRIBUTORS**

| Manufacturer         | Smederna Sverige AB  |
|----------------------|--|
| EPD author           | Thommy Nyström, Smederna Sverige AB,   |
| EPD verifier         | Sergio A. Ballén Zamora  |
| EPD program operator | The International EPD System   |
| Background data      | This EPD is based on Ecoinvent 3.6 (cut-off) and One Click LCA databases.  |
| LCA software         | The LCA and EPD have been created using One Click LCA Pre-Verified EPD Generator for primary steel and aluminium and all metalbased products |









# **VERIFICATION STATEMENT**

#### **VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD**

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents and compliancy with EN 15804, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The background report (project report) for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? Read more online.

#### **VERIFICATION OVERVIEW**

Following independent third party has verified this specific EPD:

| EPD verification information  | Answer                       |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Independent EPD verifier      | Sergio A. Ballén Zamora      |
| EPD verification started on   | 2021-10-22                   |
| EPD verification completed on | 2021-11-24                   |
| Supply-chain specific data %  | >90%                         |
| Approver of the EPD verifier  | The International EPD System |

| Author & tool verification     | Answer                       |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| EPD author                     | Thommy Nyström               |
| EPD author training completion | 2021-05-10                   |
| EPD Generator module           | Primary steel and aluminium  |
|                                | and all metal-based products |

| Independent software verifier | Ugo Pretato, Studio Fieschi & soci Srl. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Software verification date    | 2021-05-11                              |

#### THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of

- the data collected and used in the LCA calculations,
- the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out,
- the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and
- other additional environmental information, as present

with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance. I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification. I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

Sergio A. Ballén Zamora







# **VERIFICATION AND REGISTRATION (ENVIRONDEC)**

| ISO standard ISO 21930 and<br>Category Rules (PCR)   | CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core Product   |
|--|--|
| PCR  | PCR 2019:14 Construction products, version 1.11  |
| PCR review was conducted by:   | The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. See www.environdec.com/TC for a list of members. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile. The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact. |
| Independent third-party<br>verification of the<br>declaration and data,<br>according to ISO<br>14025:2006: | Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: ☐ Internal certification ☑ External verification  |
| Third party verifier   | Sergio A. Ballén Zamora  |
|  | Approved by: The International EPD® System Technical Committee, supported by the Secretariat   |
| Procedure for follow-up<br>during EPD validity<br>involves third party<br>verifier                         | ☐ yes ☑ no   |



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# ANNEX 1: ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS - EN 15804+A1, CML / ISO 21930

| Impact category      | Unit      | A1      | A2      | А3      | A1-A3   | A4      | <b>A5</b> | B1  | B2  | В3  | B4  | B5  | B6  | B7  | C1       | C2       | <b>C3</b> | C4       | D        |
|----------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Global Warming Pot.  | kg CO2e   | 2,49E0  | 1,19E-2 | 3,4E-2  | 2,54E0  | 5,19E-3 | 3,28E-3   | MND | 3,27E-3  | 1,62E-3  | 2,31E-2   | 2,58E-4  | -1,1E0   |
| Ozone depletion Pot. | kg CFC11e | 1,38E-7 | 2,24E-9 | 4,14E-9 | 1,44E-7 | 1,02E-9 | 5,64E-10  | MND | 5,63E-10 | 3,06E-10 | 2,86E-9   | 8,59E-11 | -2,72E-8 |
| Acidification        | kg SO2e   | 1,02E-2 | 2,43E-5 | 8,64E-5 | 1,03E-2 | 1,11E-5 | 4,89E-6   | MND | 4,87E-6  | 3,33E-6  | 1,77E-4   | 1,04E-6  | -3,5E-3  |
| Eutrophication       | kg PO4 3e | 6,6E-3  | 4,92E-6 | 4,37E-5 | 6,65E-3 | 2,25E-6 | 8,66E-7   | MND | 8,57E-7  | 6,72E-7  | 7,21E-5   | 2,02E-7  | -1,94E-3 |
| POCP ("smog")        | kg C2H4e  | 1,42E-3 | 1,54E-6 | 4,83E-6 | 1,43E-3 | 6,4E-7  | 5,02E-7   | MND | 5,01E-7  | 2,11E-7  | 8,28E-6   | 7,64E-8  | -9,05E-4 |
| ADP-elements         | kg Sbe    | 7,69E-5 | 2,06E-7 | 9,34E-8 | 7,72E-5 | 9,33E-8 | 5,11E-9   | MND | 5,03E-9  | 2,79E-8  | 1,3E-6    | 2,41E-9  | -1,15E-6 |
| ADP-fossil           | MJ        | 2,92E1  | 1,86E-1 | 5,55E-1 | 2,99E1  | 8,51E-2 | 4,54E-2   | MND | 4,54E-2  | 2,54E-2  | 3,25E-1   | 7,36E-3  | -8,53E0  |

