



CAN 400g

Environmental **Product Declaration**

An EPD should provide current information, and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com. This EPD is compliant with ISO 14025.

> Programme: The International EPD® System, www.environdec.com Programme operator: EPD International AB





VALIDATED

Environmental **Product Declaration**











































































S-P-05167

































i Classici dal 1856

PELATI

MODORO SCELTO D MasterChef

PUBLICATION DATE 21-03-2022 VALID UNTIL: 16-03-2027



CPC CODE

2139 - Other prepared

and preserved vegetables,

pulses and potatoes

GEOGRAPHICAL **SCOPE**

Europe









1. THE ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

WHAT IS EPD (ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION)



The EPD (Environmental Product Declaration) is a document verified and registered that communicates transparent and comparable information about the environmental performance of a product evaluated

along its life cycle.

The Environmental Product Declarations take advantage of new market opportunities to inform consumers and stakeholders about the environmental performance of products and services. The peculiarities of the EPD translate into a series of advantages both for organizations that process declarations and for those who use the information contained in them.

The International EPD[®] System is the program for environmental declarations based on the ISO Standard 14025.



WHAT ARE ITS CHARACTERISTICS

EPD

- **OBJECTIVE.** Environmental performance is calculated using the life cycle analysis methodology (Life Cycle Assessement, LCA), following the ISO 14040 series.
- **CREDIBLE.** The EPD is verified by a third-party body.
- **COMPARABLE.** EPDs belonging to the same product category are comparable since they are developed according to the same rules and requirements (PCR, Product Category Rules).

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THE CERTIFICATION OF THE EPD PROCESS OF CONSERVE ITALIA



Conserve Italia has decided to certify the own internal elaboration process of the Environmental Declarations using a reliable and consolidated model of collection,

management and processing of data necessary for the realization of the LCA studies of the products subject to certification.

The Control System implemented by Conserve Italia has been verified by a third-party body, in order to certify that all the Environmental Declarations are performed in accordance with the requirements of the International EPD[®] System. Conserve Italia, having obtained a certification of the process EPD, can independently draw up the Environmental Product Declarations of its products.









2. PEELED PLUM TOMATOES

Cirio peeled plum tomatoes are obtained only from selected tomatoes, using only tomatoes come from certified integrated production, harvested and processed on the same day.





NUTRITIONAL VALUES Average values per 100g of product						
Energy	112 kJ - 27 kcal					
Protein	1,1 g					
Carbohydrates	4,2 g					
of which sugar	3,8 g					
Fat	0,2 g					
of which saturated	0,1 g					
Fibre	1,1 g					
Salt	0,0 g					





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CONTENT DECLARATION	Peeled plum tomatoes (kg)	Salt (kg)	Citric Acid (kg)	Water (kg)	Primary Packaging (kg)	Secondary Packaging (kg)	Tertiary Packaging (kg)
REFERRED TO 1 CAN	0,537	-	<0,001	-	0,051	0,002	0,010
REFERRED TO 1 KG	1,343	-	0,001	-	0,128	0,005	0,025
PACKAGING	Container size		Sell unit		Cluster	Pack fo	ormat
OPEN TOP TINPLATED STEEL CAN AND LID	400g		24		-	2	4

3. PEELED PLUM TOMATOES

Peeled tomatoes are born from tradition and a passion for tomatoes. Symbol of Italian cuisine, they are grown and processed with passion in the Italian area of excellence and "immersed" in a rich tomato sauce, with their full flavor and all the pulpiness of fresh tomatoes, they are suitable for all preparations.

With regard to the peeled plums production process, after the manual or automatic sorting phase, the tomato is blanched by means of a stream of steam cook and then passed to the peelers which remove the skins. Peeled plum is ready for packaging in a box which is made using the filling machines. The cans are then sent to the pasteurizers, for a process that guarantees the stability of the product, its natural conservation and, consequently, perfect suitability for consumption.

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4. THE PRODUCT

Italy is the World's second biggest producer of tomatoes after the United States and the biggest exporting country of tomato based products.

Conserve Italia's plants, located in northern, central and southern Italy, process approximately **350,000 tonnes of tomatoes** a year, obtaining the following products:

CONCENTRATED TOMATOES

product obtained starting from tomato juice thermally processed and concentrated to reach different levels of concentration to obtain single, double or triple concentrate

> SIEVED TOMATOES

fresh tomatoes, sieved and slightly cooked to reduce the water content

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PEELED TOMATOES

preserved tomatoes produced using plum shaped tomatoes in semi-concentrated juice with added salt

CHOPPED TOMATOES

preserved tomatoes produced using fresh round variety tomatoes – peeled and chopped into pieces

SAUCES

sauces are finely chopped tomato pulp with added ingredients, such as olive oil, herbs and spices, vegetables, meat, etc, in order to prepare ready dressings for pasta



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(¥)



5. THE GROUP

Conserve Italia's legal personality is that of an agricultural co-operative and is the mother company to other subsidiary companies in Italy and in Europe.



6. THE MISSION



Conserve Italia represents

the leader industry in the

incl. discount A.T.

June 2013).

Juver

Italian field and it is ranked among the leader European companies (Source: Iri Audit The mission statement of Conserve Italia is "to be a leader company in Europe in the sector of preserved foods to achieve the highest value on fruit and vegetables supplied by associated farmers and give to consumers, thanks to food chain control and own brands reliability, guarantees on quality and food safety".

The Group processes approximately

650.000

tonnes of raw materials every year; fruit, vegetables and tomatoes, grown over a surface area of over

20.000

hectares, which are processed in 12 production plants; 8 in Italy, 3 in France and 1 in Spain.

Valfrutta Yoga



Derb

Conserve Italia Group's brand policy has always constituted one of the strategic guidelines and today the branded sales (Valfrutta, Yoga, Derby Blue, Cirio, Juver, St Mamet, Jolly Colombani) represent about 69% of the total turnover; the remaining business being made up of sales for modern retail commercial brands and products

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for industry. Conserve Italia has developed a consolidated relationship with all the major retail chains; representing approximately 65% of its turnover. The Ho.Re.Ca. channel (Hotel, Restaurants and Cafés) is also an important channel, especially for beverages as well as for the Foodservice and Vending lines.



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7. THE BRAND CIRIO

ABOUT US

Cirio has been the tomato specialist since 1856: an experience of 160 years that has made it one of the symbolic brands of Italian cuisine. Cirio, since 2004, has been part of the Conserve Italia Group, an Agricultural Cooperative Society whose social base is made up of over



who cultivate in open fields with integrated certified production systems. All the cultivation fields are near the factories where they are processed, packaged and distributed to guarantee their freshness.



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OUR CHARACTERISTICS

Cirio uses tomatoes



and controls the entire supply chain; the quality is verified and certified at every stage of sowing, cultivation, processing, production in order to preserve the natural freshness of the harvest.

THE PLANTS

Conserve Italia directly manages seven plants in Italy, in Emilia-Romagna, in Tuscany and in Apulia. The plant at Pomposa in Ferrara, which was built between 2002-2004 has an overall surface area of 440,000 sq.m., of which approximately 120,000 covered, and a production capacity for the processing of over 350,000 tonnes of raw materials including tomatoes, vegetables and fruit. The plant is specialized in processing of sieved, chopped and concentrated tomatoes, fruit in syrup and vegetables in cans and glass jars.

The plants of **Barbiano di Cotignola and Massa Lombarda (RA)** are for processing fruit juices, nectars and fruit based drinks.

The Alseno (PC) plant is specialized in vegetables and sweet corn processing. The plants in Ravarino (MO), Albinia (GR) - EMAS - registered site (Reg.n. IT - 000826) - and Mesagne (BR) are dedicated to the production of tomato based products (sieved, chopped, concentrates and sauces).

Peeled plum tomatoes – can 400g, object of the study, are produced in the plant at Mesagne (BR).







8. ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE DECLARATION

The declared unit is 1 kg of packaged product.

Specific data were collected on the plant for the year 2019.

SYSTEM BOUNDARIES



METHODOLOGY



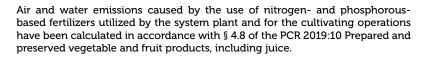
The methodology used in order to evaluate the environmental performance of the product is the Life Cycle Assessment (LCA), according to the ISO 14040-14044 standards. The goal of the LCA study is to evaluate the potential environmental impact associated to the production of Peeled plum tomatoes – can 400g.



The **Water Footprint Profile** is calculated in accordance to ISO 14046 standard, through a Water Footprint Assessment integrated in the LCA study.

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For the modeling of the electricity used in the processes, the supplier's specific residual mix for the reference year has been used.

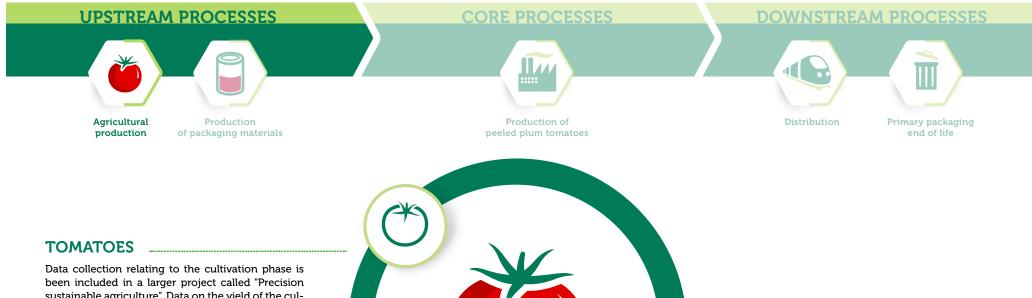
All life cycle phases were analyzed and accounted for in the study. This EPD and further information about it are available on the website of the International EPD® System: www.environdec.com





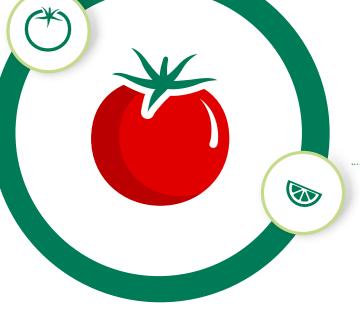


9. AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION



Data collection relating to the cultivation phase is been included in a larger project called "Precision sustainable agriculture". Data on the yield of the cultivated product, on fertilizers, on the consumption of water and diesel for the processing of the land have been collected at representative companies for the various crops and for the geographical areas of membership of the agricultural cooperatives.

Conserve Italia, in collaboration with the University of Genoa, has carried out a project that led to the development of a new indicator, the Water-Energy-Food (WEF) Nexus, which considers the synergies between Water - Food and Energy for the agricultural phase



OTHER INGREDIENTS

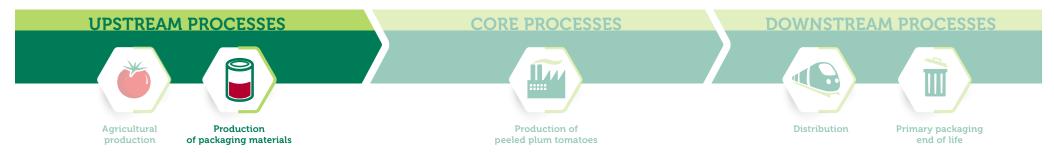
In the LCA study, all the ingredients present in the product and materials used in the cultivation phase have been modeled using data deriving from internationally recognized databases.







10. PRODUCTION OF PACKAGING



PRIMARY PACKAGING

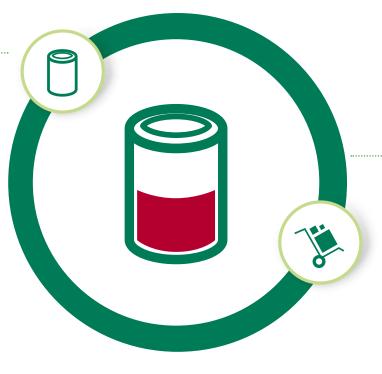
The primary packaging of the products, otherwise the packaging conceived to establish a sales unit at the point of sale for the end user or the consumer, is essentially made up from tinplate, glass, polylaminated or plastic. In the LCA study, the packaging materials were modeled using data from internationally recognized databases.

Conscious of the contribution of the food industry to production of packaging, Conserve Italia is constantly committed to minimize the weight and volume of packaging, by the limits necessary to guarantee the levels of safety, quality and acceptability of the product by the consumer.

Useful link http://www.ilfattoalimentare.it/sostenibilit.html

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Conserve Italia has been working for years on the reductions of the weights of primary packaging to reduce its impact environmental with a view to continuous improvement



TERTIARY PACKAGING

Tertiary packaging, otherwise the packaging conceived in order to facilitate manipulation and transport of the finished product, is chosen by Conserve Italy with sustainability criteria, such as durability, lightness and use of environmentally friendly materials. In particular, the pallets used by Conserve Italia are all multi-use and reusable packaging. Once the reuse is over, these pallets are 100% recyclable.





11. PRODUCTION OF PEELED PLUM TOMATOES



PLANTS

The production of the products of the Conserve Italia plants includes the following life cycle stages:

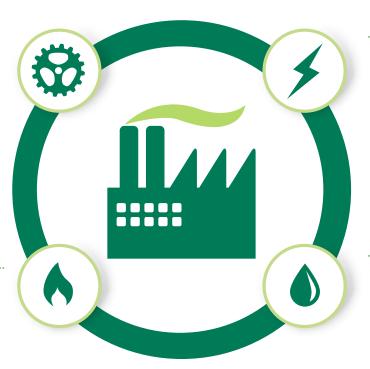
- 1. Preparation of the finished product (e.g. washing, mixing, heat treatments, ...) from fresh or semifinished product.
- 2. Packaging process.
- 3. Refrigerated storage (where applicable).
- 4. Water purification.

Management data related to the reference year are collected annually at the plants involved and subsequently reported to the processing of the product. Below, the main data collected on the plants involved in the production of products are reported.

GREENHOUSE GASES

EPD

All Conserve Italia plants fall within the scope of application of the "Emissions Trading" Directive (Directive 2003/87/EC), that is they are subject to the monitoring and communication of the greenhouse gas emissions. The data on CO_2 emissions are annually calculated and verified by a body accredited by the Competent National Authority.



ELECTRICITY

The electrical consumption of the plants is one of the significant environmental aspects on which Conserve Italia has decided to act with energy efficiency measures and choosing suppliers that favour certain sources from renewable sources. In particular, all Valfrutta products on the market - fruit preserves (juices and nectars, fruit in syrup and jams), tomato preserves (pureed, pulp, peeled) and vegetable preserves (corn and legumes) - come from plants that for these processing lines use only certified electricity from renewable sources.

WATER

In the Conserve Italia plants, the water resource is considered a primary resource to be protected and preserved. For this reason in all the plants actions and processes for the recovery of water and its purification are implemented. The percentage of water recovered in the production cycle guarantees on average a recovery rate> 33%, including the water resource which is used for the transport of fresh raw material up to the washing and cooking phase.





UPSTREAM PROCESSESCORE PROCESSESDOWNSTREAM PROCESSESImage: Section of production of production of production of preded plum tomatoesImage: Section of preded plum tomatoesImage: Section of preded plum tomatoes

Conserve Italia has created a network of logistic centres dedicated to storage and shipment of finished products, able to ensure quick and cost-saving transfers for the products up to the Distribution Centers of the modern distribution chains or to the distributors of the traditional channels operating in retail and in the Ho.re.ca.. The most important storage and shipping warehouses are highly automated and are placed near the processing plants or in strategic areas for sorting goods at European level.

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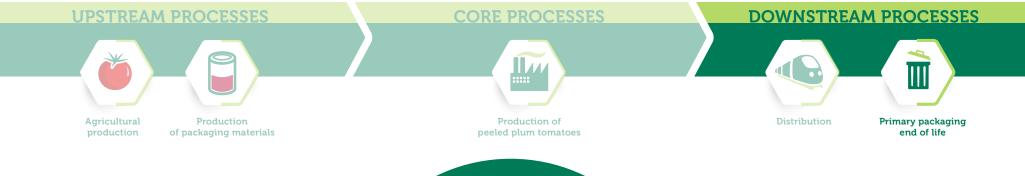
In addition to traditional road transport, multimodal transport has been developed, with the preparation of 5 special weekly trains, for transport on the lines north-south, which today covers about 20% of shipments, outdoing the national average for rail transport.







13. PACKAGING END OF LIFE



Conserve Italia uses as primary packaging for its products essentially tinplate, glass, polylaminated or plastic. All packaging used for Conserve Italia product, using materials that fall into the categories treated by CONAI (National Packaging Consortium), are 100% recyclable. CONAI in fact directs the activity and guarantees the results recovery of 6 Consortia of materials: steel (Ricrea), aluminum (Cial), paper/cardboard (Comieco), wood (Rilegno), plastic (Corepla), glass (Coreve).

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According to the final data for 2019 published in the General Program for the prevention and management of packaging and packaging waste, the figure relating to packaging amounts to 80.6% of the amount relased for consumpion, for a total of 399,006 tons (Source RICREA).







14. RESOURCES USE

	PARAMETER Data referred to 1 kg of product				UPSTREAM		DOWNS	TREAM	
			UNIT	Agriculture ¹	Packaging		Distribution	End of life ²	TOTAL
	Primary	Use as energy carrier	MJ. net calorific value	0,031	2,025	0,054	0,015	<0,001	2,124
	energy resources	Use as raw materials	MJ. net calorific value	0,004	0,355	0,006	0,003	<0,001	0,368
<u> </u>	renewable	TOTAL	MJ. net calorific value	0,034	2,380	0,059	0,018	<0,001	2,492
	Primary	Use as energy carrier	MJ. net calorific value	0,509	8,347	5,178	0,571	0,001	14,606
	energy resources not	Use as raw materials	MJ. net calorific value	0,108	0,080	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,188
	renewable	TOTAL	MJ . net calorific value	0,618	8,427	5,178	0,571	0,001	14,794
	Secondary	material ³	kg	-	0,077	-	-	-	0,077
	Renewable secondary fuels		MJ	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ν	Non renewable secondary fuels		MJ	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Net use of fr	resh water	m³	0,045	0,006	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,051

¹ All phases relating to the Upstream are included, with the exception of the production of packaging (production of seeds, plants and agricultural inputs, cultivation phase and production of ingredients).

² Primary packaging end of life.

³ Data refer to the use of recycled cardboard in secondary and tertiary packaging, the use of 58% recycled tin-plated steel.







15. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

110	sul a		UPST	REAM	CORE	DOWNS	STREAM	
PARAMETERS Data refer to 1 Kg of product		UNIT		Packaging		Distribution	End of life ²	TOTAL
	Fossil	Kg CO ₂ eq	0,045	0,686	0,299	0,035	<0,001	1,065
Global warming	Biogenic	Kg CO ₂ eq	<0,001	0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,001
potential (GWP)	Land use	Kg CO ₂ eq	<0,001	0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,001
	TOTAL	Kg CO ₂ eq	0,045	0,687	0,299	0,035	<0,001	1,067
Acidification po	tential (AP)	Kg SO ₂ eq	<0,001	0,004	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,005
Eutrophication p	otential (EP)	Kg PO ₄ ³ eq	0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,001
Formation po tropospheric oze		$\mathrm{Kg}\mathrm{C_2H_4}\mathrm{eq}$	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001
Abiotic depletio Elemer		Kg Sb eq	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001
Abiotic depletio Fossil fu		MJ. net calorific value	0,536	6,883	4,596	0,494	0,001	12,510
Water scarcity	potential	m³ eq	2,008	0,187	0,009	0,002	<0,001	2,188

¹ All phases relating to the Upstream are included, with the exception of the production of packaging (production of seeds, plants and agricultural inputs, cultivation phase and production of ingredients).

² Primary packaging end of life.

EPD







16. WASTE PRODUCTION AND OTHER INDICATORS

PARAMETERS Data refer to 1 Kg of product	UNIT	UPST Agriculture ¹	REAM Packaging	CORE	Downs Distribution	End of life ²	TOTAL
Hazardous waste disposed	Кд	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001
Non hazardous waste disposed	Кд	0,002	0,697	0,001	<0,001	0,024	0,724
Radioactive waste disposed	Кд	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001

		UPST	REAM	CORE DOWNSTREAM			
PARAMETERS Data refer to 1 Kg of product	UNIT		Packaging		Distribution	End of life ²	TOTAL
Components for reuse ^₄	Кд	-	-	0,123	-	-	0,123
Material for recycling	Кд	-	-	-	-	-	-
Materials for energy recovery ⁴	Кд	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹ All phases relating to the Upstream are included, with the exception of the production of packaging (production of seeds, plants and agricultural inputs, cultivation phase and production of ingredients).

² Primary packaging end of life.

⁴ Data refers to by-products used as soil improver and sent to biodigester.







110 er.		UPSTREAM		CORE	DOWNSTREAM		
OTHER INDICATO	DRS UNIT		Packaging		Distribution	End of life ²	TOTAL
Land use (occupation)	m2a	6,471	-	-	-	-	6,471
Ecological footprint	m2a	0,093	1,938	0,766	0,101	<0,001	2,899
WATER FOOTPRI PROFILE	NT UNIT	Agriculture ¹	REAM Packaging	CORE	Distribution	STREAM End of life ²	TOTAL
Human toxicity	Kg 1,4-DB eq	0,011	9,544	0,010	0,008	<0,001	9,574
Fresh water aquatic ecoto	kicity Kg 1,4-DB eq	0,001	0,010	0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,012
Marine aquatic ecotoxic	ity Kg 1,4-DB eq	7,27	347,51	14,45	4,41	<0,01	373,64
Terrestrial ecotoxicity	Kg 1,4-DB eq	<0,001	0,014	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,014
Acidification potential (A	(P) Kg SO ₂ eq	<0,001	0,004	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,005
Eutrophication potential	(EP) Kg PO ₄ ³⁻ eq	0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,001
Water use	m ³	0,045	0,006	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,051
Water scarcity potentia	al m ³ eq	2,008	0,187	0,009	0,002	<0,001	2,188

¹ All phases relating to the Upstream are included, with the exception of the production of packaging (production of seeds, plants and agricultural inputs, cultivation phase and production of ingredients).

² Primary packaging end of life.







		UPST	REAM	CORE	DOWNSTREAM		
Peeled plum	UNIT		Packaging		Distribution	End of life ²	TOTAL
tomatoes						ш	
ECOLOGICAL FOOTPRINT	m2a	0,093	1,938	0,766	0,101	<0,001	2,899
CARBON FOOTPRINT	Kg CO ₂ eq	0,045	0,687	0,299	0,035	<0,001	1,067
WATER FOOTPRINT ⁵	m ³	0,045	0,006	<0,001	<0,001	<0,001	0,051

¹ All phases relating to the Upstream are included, with the exception of the production of packaging (production of seeds, plants and agricultural inputs, cultivation phase and production of ingredients).

² Primary packaging end of life.

⁵ Water footprint profile - Water use

EPD







17. INFORMATION





RECYCLING OF PRIMARY PACKAGING



The primary packaging is a 100% recyclable material and it has to be directed to the waste separation procedures according to the rules of the pertaining municipalities.

ETHICAL CODE

Conserve Italia, within its activities, adopt the Ethical Code that outlines the basic principles of behavior of the company: pillars that lie on solid foundation of respect of law, honesty, transparency of information, quality and safety of products, responsibility towards community and environment.

PRODUCT CERTIFICATIONS

The product object of the study is in compliance with BRC (British Retail Consortium) and IFS (International Food Standard) standards for safety, legality and quality of products.

Certified and guaranteed by CESI (Centro Elettrotecnico Sperimentale Italiano) for renewable origin, the energy used by Valfrutta processing is **100% renewable energy** as stated by the label present in the packaging of all the products.



EPD







18. CERTIFICATION BODY

EPD International AB, Box 210 60, SE-100 31 Stockholm, Sweden, E-mail: info@environdec.com

EPDs developed within the same product category but according to different programs may not be comparable. Conserve Italia has the ownership and responsibility of this EPD.

Product category rules (PCR): Prepared and preserved vegetable and fruit products, including Juice; 2019:10 version 1.01; UN CPC 213, 214

PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System.

Chair: Adriana Del Borghi Contact via info@environdec.com.

Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006:

X EPD process certification O EPD

O EPD verification

Third party verifier: DNV GL Business Assurance

Signature of the third-party verifier

Accredited by: ACCREDIA

ACCREDIA Accreditation n.: 008H

EPD

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

Yes O No

19. REFERENCES

General Programme instructions for the International EPD[®] System, v.3.01 PCR 2019:10 v.1.01 UN CPC 213, 214 Prepared and preserved vegetable and fruit products, including juice

ISO 14046:2014 Environmental management – Water Footprint – Principles, requirements and guidelines Database Ecoinvent v.3.4 (www.ecoinvent.org)

Life Cycle Analysis "EPD PROCESS LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT CONSERVE ITALIA PRODUCTS", Tetis Institute Srl, 2021, Rev.15

COREVE 2019. Glass recycling data 2019

RICREA 2019

<u>COMIECO 2019 (National Consortium for Recovery and Recycling of Cellulose-Based Packaging) "25th Annual Comieco Report on the separate collection of paper and cardboard in Italy"</u>

COREPLA 2019

IRI - Information Resources Srl. Iri Audit including discount A.T. June 2013

WATER PROCESS Technical Report "Creation of a model for quantifying the impact on the water sector determined by the cultivation of plant products", Project Measure 16.2, CENS - University of Genoa, 2021, Vers. 1

For the environmental impacts, the characterisation methods indicated on the website EPD[®] International System were used (https://www.environdec.com/ resources/indicators); for the Consumption of energy resources the Cumulative Energy Demand (CED) method; for the categories relating to toxicity and ecotoxicity present in the Water Footprint Profile the CML-IA baseline method and for the Ecological Footprint the Ecological footprint method.





20. GLOSSARY

ACIDIFICATION POTENTIAL (AP)

drop in pH of soils, lakes, forests, due to air emissions of acidifying compounds, with harmful effects on living organisms. e.g. "acid rains".

ECOLOGICAL FOOTPRINT

the Ecological Footprint is a complex indicator that measures the biologically productive area of the sea and of land necessary to regenerate the resources consumed

by a human population and to absorb the waste produced from the consumption of fossil and nuclear fuels. It is expressed in soil use over time (m2a)

GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIAL (GWP100)

vears, due to emissions and absorptions attributable to humans, such as carbon dioxide (CO_{a}) . methane (CH₂), nitrous oxide (N_2O), etc.

EUTROPHICATION POTENTIAL (EP)

reduction in dissolved oxygen levels in water media with collapse of fish and other aquatic species due to excess addition of large guantities of mineral nutrients such as nitrogen and phosphorous and subsequent dramatic increase in flora that feed on these nutrients.

PHOTOCHEMICAL OZONE CREATION **POTENTIAL (POCP)**

formation of ozone at ground level due to air emissions of unburnt hydrocarbons and nitrogen oxides in presence of solar radiation. This phenomenon is harmful for living organisms and indicators profile (water footprint profile). often present in large urban centres.

LAND USE

depends on the type of use of soil and dimensions of area. In countries. this impact category both regional and local impacts are taken

into consideration and the damage related to land use results from both conversion and occupation of soil. This damage is consequently expressed in m2a: "Land occupation recorded as. m2 times year per unit output".

LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT (LCA)

it is a technique - regulated by ISO 14040 standard - to guantify the energetic and environmental load of the life cycle of a product system, through the guantification of energy and material input and air, liquid, solid emissions released into the environment, agricultural phase only (1 kg of agricultural product). from raw material extraction to disposal of final waste.

TOXICITY

the toxicity can be expressed as human toxicity, fresh water aguatic toxicity, marine aguatic toxicity, terrestrial toxicity. The ETP (Eco-Toxicity Potential) is expressed with reference to a compound, i.e. 1,4-diclorobenzene (1,4 DCB). Therefore the unit is ka 1.4-DB ea.

FUNCTIONAL UNITY

it is a measure of the function of the studied system and it provides a reference to all the results presented in the EPD. This enables comparison of data presented in two or more EPD related to products within the same category, i.e. pertaining to the same PCR

WATER FOOTPRINT (WF)

it is an indicator to quantify the potential impact related to water, calculated - in accordance to ISO 14046 standard - through a water footprint assessment based on a LCA study. The results of the water footprint assessment are represented by an impact

WATER SCARCITY (AWARE)

Indicator that represents the equivalent volume of water land use represents an impact on biodiversity. Biodiversity consumed proportionate to the water availability of the individual

WATER ENERGY FOOD (WEF) NEXUS

Dimensionless single score indicator that takes into account the Global Warming Potential (in kg CO₂ eq.), The Water Scarcity (in m³ eq.), The Consumption of energy resources (in MJ) and the Field Yield (in tons / ha). The weighing methodology of the individual indicators defines a weighting of 50% on the agricultural yield (economic-like indicator) and a distribution based on the PEF (Product Environmental Footprint) weighting for the remaining environmental indicators. The indicator is analyzed for the

ABIOTIC DEPLETION POTENTIAL -ELEMENTS

Indicator that measures the impacts associated with the consumption of abiotic (non-living) resources, related to the extraction of minerals and other non-renewable materials, which can lead to the exhaustion of natural resources. It is expressed in kilograms of Antimony (kg Sb eg) equivalent.

ABIOTIC DEPLETION POTENTIAL -**FOSSIL FUELS**

Indicator that measures the impacts associated with the consumption of fossil fuels and therefore non-renewable resources. For this reason it is guantified in energy terms, in particular in MJ (mega joules).

USE OF RENEWABLE AND NON-RENEWABLE PRIMARY ENERGY RESOURCES

it is a measure of the environmental impacts related to the consumption of primary energy renewable resources (solar, wind, water, geothermal, biomass) and non-renewable (oil, natural gas, coal and fissile materials), used both as an energy carrier and as a raw material.







Contact persons for the Environmental Product Declaration:



Dr. Pietro Crudele CONSERVE ITALIA SOC. COOP. AGRICOLA E-mail: pcrudele@ccci.it



Prof. Ing Adriana Del Borghi TETIS Institute Srl Spin Off dell'Università di Genova www.tetisinstitute.it E-mail: delborghi@tetisinstitute.it



CONSERVE ITALIA SOC. COOP. AGRICOLA

Legal Seat: Via Paolo Poggi, 11 – 40068 San Lazzaro di Savena (BO) Tel: +39 051 6228311 Fax: +39 051 6228312 E-mail: conserveitalia@ccci.it www.conserveitalia.it Vat nr: 00708311204