

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025 / ISO 21930

KOLOS CEMENT CEM I 52.5 N
KOLOS CEMENT LTD

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Programme: The International EPD® System, www.environdec.com | Programme operator: EPD International AB | EPD registration number: S-P-05842 | Verification date: 2022-04-06 | Publication date: 2022-04-13 | Valid until date: 2027-04-12 | Revision date 2022-06-10 | Geographical Scope: Mauritius |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|

An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com.



GENERAL INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Manufacturer | Kolos Cement Ltd |
| Address | Mer Rouge, Port Louis |
| Contact details | rishta.rajiah@koloscement.com |
| Website | https://www.koloscement.com/ |

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Product name | Kolos Cement CEM I 52.5 N |
| Additional label(s) | Portland Cement |
| Product number / reference | CEM I 52.5 N |
| Place(s) of production | Mauritius |
| CPC code | 3744 - Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement and similar hydraulic cements, except in the form of clinkers |

The International EPD System

EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable.

EPD INFORMATION

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. Construction products EPDs may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| EPD program operator | The International EPD System |
| EPD standards | This EPD is in accordance with EN 15804+A2 and ISO 14025 standards. |
| Product category rules | The CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR. In addition, the Int'l EPD System PCR 2019:14 Construction products, version 1.11 (05.02.2021) is used. |
| EPD author | Tony Lee Luen Len/ - Ecosis (Mtius) Ltd |
| EPD verification | Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: <input type="checkbox"/> Internal certification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External verification |
| Verification date | Started on 2022-04-06 |
| EPD verifier | Silvia Vilčeková, Silcert S.r.o. |
| EPD number | S-P-05842 |
| ECO Platform nr. | - |
| Revision date | 2022-06-10 |
| Publishing date | 2022-04-13 |
| EPD valid until | 2027-04-12 |

PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The product is basic cement CEM I 52.5N which is also called ordinary Portland cement (OPC). The cement is conformed to the Mauritian Standard MS EN 197-1:2011

PRODUCT APPLICATION

The product is used in all types of construction works such as beam, pylon, slab, pouring concrete, and high rise building structural work

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Compressive Strength (Mpa) (EN 196-1) | Requirements |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| 2 days | ≥ 20 |
| 7 days | – |
| 28 days | ≥ 52.5 |
| | |
| Initial Setting Time (min) (EN 196-3) | ≥ 45 |
| Soundness (Expansion) (mm) | ≤ 10 |

PRODUCT STANDARDS

MS EN 197-1

CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| |
|---|
| Sulfate Content (SO ₃) (%) (EN 196-2) |
| ≤ 4 |
| Loss on ignition (%) (EN 196-2) |
| ≤ 5.0 |
| Chloride Content (%) (EN 196-2) |
| ≤ 0.1 |
| Insoluble Residue |
| ≤ 5.0 |

ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Further information can be found at:
<https://www.koloscement.com/>.

PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL COMPOSITION

| Product and Packaging Material | Share (%) | Weight, kg | Post-consumer % | Renewable % |
|--------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Clinker | 95-100 | 950 | - | - |
| Minor additional constituents | 0-5 | 50 | - | - |

SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).

PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)

This raw material is processed in Vietnam.

The cement is imported by sea freight and delivered to the industry located in the port area. It is transferred from the ship to the sheds via the Kovako Ship Unloader.

The cement is loaded into the hopper, using front end loaders and the cement is transferred via air slide through extraction to the silo. From the silo, the cement goes into the delivery unit.

The plant is equipped with a Dedusting System to remove dust.

TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)

This EPD does not cover transportation and installation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site.

PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)

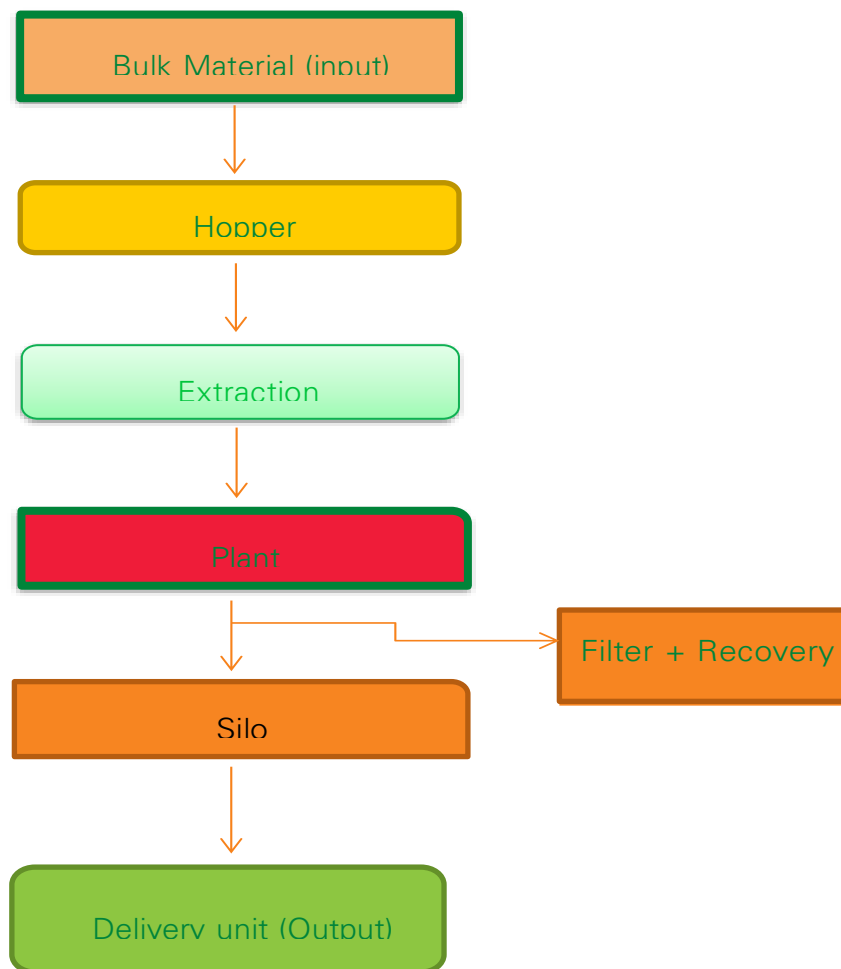
This EPD does not cover the use phase.

Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)

The end-of-life phase (modules C1-C4, and D) is excluded as per EN 15804+A2 exclusion criteria for products that become chemically bonded and inseparable with other products.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS



LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT INFORMATION

Period for data 2020

DECLARED AND FUNCTIONAL UNIT

Declared unit 1 tonne

Mass per declared unit 1000 kg

SYSTEM BOUNDARY

The type of scope of this study is cradle to gate and covers impacts of raw materials' production, their transportation to the production plant, and manufacturing process.

| Product stage | | | Assembly stage | | Use stage | | | | | | | End of life stage | | | | Beyond the system boundaries | | |
|--|-----------|---------------|----------------|----------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D | D | D |
| x | x | x | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Geography, by two-letter ISO country code or regions. The International EPD System only. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VN/MU | VN/MU | VN/MU | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Raw materials | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Assembly | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | Deconstr./demol. | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse | Recovery | Recycling |

Modules not declared = MND. Modules not relevant = MNR.

CUT-OFF CRITERIA

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances.

The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass. The life cycle analysis includes all industrial processes from raw material acquisition to production, distribution, and end-of-life stages.

For easier modelling and because of lack of accuracy in available modelling resources, some constituents under 0,1% of product mass are excluded. These include some cement constituents (some secondary fuels, trace metals and mineral constituents) which are all present in the product only in very small amounts and have no serious impact on the emissions of the product.

The production of capital equipment, construction activities, and infrastructure, maintenance and operation of capital equipment, personnel-related activities, energy and water use related to company management and sales activities are excluded.

ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation.

In this study, as per EN 15804, allocation is conducted in the following order.

1. Allocation should be avoided.
2. Allocation should be based on physical properties (e.g., mass, volume) when the difference in revenue is small.
3. Allocation should be based on economic values.

In this study, allocation could not be avoided for ancillary material, energy consumption and waste production as the information was only measured on factory or production process level. The inputs were allocated to study product based on annual production volume (mass). There was no need to allocate for raw material data as the percentage per declared unit was taken directly from the product's technical data sheet (TDS). As a deviation from this, production loss was added to the values by including the allocated product-related waste into the raw material inputs.

The values for 1 tonne of cement are calculated by considering the total annual production. In the factory, several kinds of cement are produced; since the production processes of these products are similar, the annual production percentages are taken into consideration for allocation. As the processes for all products produced at the factory are very similar regardless of the products formulation, ancillary materials, energy consumption, and waste

streams are assumed to be the same for all types of products.

Allocation used in generic environmental data sources follow the requirements of the EN 15804 -standard. Allocation method 'allocation, cut-off by classification' has been used for ecoinvent 3.6 data, which complies with EN 15804.

AVERAGES AND VARIABILITY

The International EPD System additional data requirements

Data specificity and GWP-GHG variability for GWP-GHG for A1-A3.

| | |
|---|-------|
| Supply-chain specific data for GWP-GHG | > 80% |
| Variation in GWP-GHG between products | - % |
| Variation in GWP-GHG between sites | - % |

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA

Note: additional environmental impact data may be presented in annexes.

CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, PEF

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| GWP – total | kg CO ₂ e | 9,14E2 | 5,72E1 | 3,4E0 | 9,75E2 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| GWP – fossil | kg CO ₂ e | 9,03E2 | 5,72E1 | 3,4E0 | 9,64E2 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| GWP – biogenic | kg CO ₂ e | 1,05E1 | -2,81E-2 | 1,43E-3 | 1,05E1 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| GWP – LULUC | kg CO ₂ e | 1,82E-1 | 4,84E-2 | 1,46E-4 | 2,3E-1 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Ozone depletion pot. | kg CFC-11e | 2,86E-5 | 1,14E-5 | 6,86E-7 | 4,06E-5 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Acidification potential | mol H ⁺ e | 2,25E0 | 1,67E0 | 3,59E-2 | 3,95E0 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| EP-freshwater ²⁾ | kg Pe | 9,62E-3 | 2,94E-4 | 7,01E-6 | 9,92E-3 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| EP-marine | kg Ne | 6,73E-1 | 3,75E-1 | 8E-3 | 1,06E0 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| EP-terrestrial | mol Ne | 7,8E0 | 4,18E0 | 8,55E-2 | 1,21E1 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| POCP (“smog”) | kg NMVoce | 1,94E0 | 1,1E0 | 2,32E-2 | 3,06E0 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| ADP-minerals & metals | kg Sbe | 9,26E-2 | 5,24E-4 | 3,76E-6 | 9,32E-2 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| ADP-fossil resources | MJ | 3,48E3 | 7,29E2 | 4,24E1 | 4,25E3 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Water use ³⁾ | m ³ e depr. | 7,72E1 | 1,85E0 | 6,49E-1 | 7,97E1 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |

1) GWP = Global Warming Potential; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Photochemical ozone formation; ADP = Abiotic depletion potential. 2) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Abiotic depletion and Water use and optional indicators except Particulate matter and Ionizing radiation, human health. The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator. 3) Required characterisation method and data are in kg P-eq. Multiply by 3,07 to get PO₄e.

USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|-------------------------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Renew. PER as energy | MJ | 1,8E2 | 5,68E0 | 1,45E0 | 1,87E2 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Renew. PER as material | MJ | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Total use of renew. PER | MJ | 1,8E2 | 5,68E0 | 1,45E0 | 1,87E2 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Non-re. PER as energy | MJ | 3,48E3 | 7,29E2 | 4,24E1 | 4,25E3 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Non-re. PER as material | MJ | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----|--------|---------|---------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Total use of non-re. PER | MJ | 3,48E3 | 7,29E2 | 4,24E1 | 4,25E3 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Secondary materials | kg | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Renew. secondary fuels | MJ | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Non-ren. secondary fuels | MJ | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Use of net fresh water | m³ | 3,32E0 | 7,42E-2 | 7,05E-3 | 3,4E0 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |

6) PER = Primary energy resource

END OF LIFE – WASTE

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|---------------------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Hazardous waste | kg | 1,38E1 | 9,91E-1 | 1,48E-2 | 1,48E1 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Non-hazardous waste | kg | 4,17E2 | 1,25E1 | 2,7E-1 | 4,3E2 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Radioactive waste | kg | 1,32E-2 | 5,08E-3 | 3,07E-4 | 1,86E-2 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |

END OF LIFE – OUTPUT FLOWS

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|--------------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Components for re-use | kg | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Materials for recycling | kg | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Materials for energy rec | kg | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Exported energy | MJ | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – GWP-GHG - THE INTERNATIONAL EPD SYSTEM

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|-----------------|----------------------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| GWP-GHG | kg CO ₂ e | 9,03E2 | 5,72E1 | 3,4E0 | 9,64E2 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |

8) This indicator includes all greenhouse gases excluding biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product as defined by IPCC AR 5 (IPCC 2013) This indicator is almost equal to the GWP indicator originally defined in EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.

SCENARIO DOCUMENTATION

Manufacturing energy scenario documentation

| Scenario parameter | Value |
|--|---|
| Electricity data source and quality | Market for electricity, medium voltage (Reference product: electricity), Mauritius, Ecoinvent 3.6, year: 2019 |
| Electricity CO _{2e} / kWh | 0.85 |
| District heating data source and quality | - |
| District heating CO _{2e} / kWh | - |

DIFFERENCES VERSUS PREVIOUS VERSIONS

The following changes in the new version of the report are as follows:

The absolute indicative values have been replaced by a range of values in the following tables:

- 1) Mechanical characteristics
- 2) Chemical characteristics

In the table 'product raw material composition', 'additional constituents' has been changed into 'minor additional constituents'.

In the manufacturing and packaging (A1-A3) section, the term "Kovaco" has been replaced by "Kovako".

BIBLIOGRAPHY

ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations. Principles and procedures.

ISO 14040:2006 Environmental management. Life cycle assessment. Principles and frameworks.

ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management. Life cycle assessment. Requirements and guidelines.

Ecoinvent database v3.6 (2019) and One Click LCA database.

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 Sustainability in construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products.

Int'l EPD System PCR 2019:14 Construction products, version 1.11 (05.02.2021)

Kolos Cement 52.5 LCA background report 17.03.2022

ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER

Kolos came to life two decades ago, when some Mauritian entrepreneurs decided to build and operate a second cement import terminal in the country which, at that time was mainly dominated by an international brand. Today, thanks to a passionate, innovative, and committed team, Kolos supplies cement to most of the large and medium construction companies as well as to a multitude mix sized hardware stores scattered over the island.

EPD AUTHOR AND CONTRIBUTIONS

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Manufacturer | Kolos Cement Ltd |
| EPD author | Tony Lee Luen Len - Ecosis (Mtius) Ltd |
| EPD verifier | Silvia Vilčeková, Silcert S.r.o. |
| EPD program operator | The International EPD System |
| Background data | This EPD is based on Ecoinvent 3.6 (cut-off) and One Click LCA databases. |
| LCA software | The LCA and EPD have been created using One Click LCA Pre-Verified EPD Generator for Cementitious Products |

VERIFICATION STATEMENT

VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents, and compliancy with EN 15804, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The background report (project report) for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? [Read more online.](#)

VERIFICATION OVERVIEW

Following independent third party has verified this specific EPD:

| EPD verification information | Answer |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Independent EPD verifier rd-party verifier for EPD | Silvia Vilčeková, Silcert S.r.o. |
| EPD verification started on | 2022-03-22 |
| EPD verification completed on | 2022-04-06 |
| Supply-chain specific data % | > 80 % |
| Approver of the EPD verifier | The International EPD System |

| Author & tool verification | Answer |
|--------------------------------|---|
| EPD author | Tony Lee Luen Len - Ecosis (Mtius) Ltd |
| EPD author training completion | 2021-04-16 |
| EPD Generator module | Cementitious Products |
| Independent software verifier | Ugo Pretato, Studio Fieschi & soci Srl. |
| Software verification date | 2021-05-11 |

THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of

- the data collected and used in the LCA calculations,
- the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out,
- the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and
- other additional environmental information, as present

with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance.

I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification.

I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.



Verifier: Silvia Vilčeková, Silcert S.r.o.

VERIFICATION AND REGISTRATION (ENVIRONDEC)

| ISO standard ISO 21930 and CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core Product Category Rules (PCR) | |
|--|--|
| PCR | PCR 2019:14 Construction products, version 1.11 |
| PCR review was conducted by: | The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. See www.environdec.com/TC for a list of members. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile. The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact . |
| Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006: | Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: <input type="checkbox"/> Internal certification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External verification |
| Third party verifier | Silvia Vilčeková, Silcert S.r.o. |
| | Approved by: The International EPD® System Technical Committee, supported by the Secretariat |



THE INTERNATIONAL EPD® SYSTEM

EPD International AB, Box 210 60, SE-100 31 Stockholm, Sweden, E-mail: info@environdec.com

ANNEX 1 : ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – EN 15804+A1, CML / ISO 21930

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Global Warming Pot. | kg CO ₂ e | 8,94E2 | 5,68E1 | 3,38E0 | 9,55E2 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Ozone depletion Pot. | kg CFC ₁₁ e | 2,28E-5 | 9,01E-6 | 5,42E-7 | 3,23E-5 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Acidification | kg SO ₂ e | 1,7E0 | 1,35E0 | 2,9E-2 | 3,08E0 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| Eutrophication | kg PO ₄ ³ e | 4,89E-1 | 1,39E-1 | 3,03E-3 | 6,31E-1 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| POCP ("smog") | kg C ₂ H ₄ e | 6,29E-2 | 3,75E-2 | 1,05E-3 | 1,01E-1 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| ADP-elements | kg Sbe | 9,26E-2 | 5,24E-4 | 3,76E-6 | 9,32E-2 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |
| ADP-fossil | MJ | 3,48E3 | 7,29E2 | 4,24E1 | 4,25E3 | MNR | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR | MNR |